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LABOUR PROPOSALS.

SAFEGUARDING DUTIES CONDEMNED.

PRIME MINISTER SPEAKS OUT ON WAR DEBT ISSUE.

VOTE REFORM INQUIRY.

Important declarations on the Labour Government's policy in regard to War Debts and Safeguarding Duties were made by Mr. Ramsay MacDonald in the House of Commons yesterday during the debate on the Address.

In regard to the former, the Premier declared that we were bearing burdens which should not be imposed upon us, adding, "We shall go back on none of our contracts, but we shall in future arrangements not forget that the just business interests of our nation cannot be sacrificed."

The electorate, said Mr. MacDonald, had expressed its overwhelming opposition to Protective duties, and the Government accordingly did not intend to renew the existing Safeguarding Duties, and reserved the right to repeal them before the statutory period of their operation expired.

Regarding Russia, the conditions upon which that country would be recognised remained, said the Premier, as laid down in a public despatch, to which the Government adhered.

Touching on disarmament, Mr. MacDonald said the Government would seek immediate co-operation with the other great Naval Powers, but a preliminary Anglo-American understanding was essential to success.

It was further intimated by the Premier that an inquiry would be made into electoral reform, the terms of reference to be wide and comprehensive.

Mr. Baldwin, outlining the Conservative attitude towards the Government, said they would not offer factious opposition, but would assist in carrying on the government of the country.

CONSULTATIVE SPIRIT: NOT RIVALRY.

London, July 2. In the absence of the Sovereign, Parliament was opened by the Royal Commissioners. Lord Sankey, Lord Kintore, Lord Southborough, Lord Davidson and Lord Denman were seated on the bench in front of the empty Throne.

Many Labour M.P.s who were in the procession of Members of the House of Commons to the Upper Chamber to hear the King's Speech wore red button-holes.

Tributes to the King.

All the speakers in the House of Commons during the debate on the Address in Reply to the King's Speech referred with thankfulness to the recovery of His Majesty.

Mr. Harry Snell, Labour M.P. for East Wiltshire, in moving the Address, described the King as not merely their Sovereign, but as the friend and chief servant of his people.

Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, the Prime Minister, said the Government's two dominating concerns were unemployment and social betterment, and peace and security by cordial co-operation between nations. A better understanding with America was essential to the latter.

He would make a definite statement later regarding the arrangements for his visit to America. He added that the conversations so far had been purely preliminary and exploratory in character. The recent relations between the two countries, which he hoped would co-operate in all good causes throughout the world, had not been too happy, and both were determined to change that.

Mr. MacDonald assured the country that no time was being lost, for the Government was anxious to build up a disarmament policy upon the Kellogg Pact. Both Governments would seek the immediate co-operation of the other great Naval Powers, but a preliminary Anglo-American understanding was essential to success.

Reparations Problem.

Referring to the proposed Reparations Conference of all the Governments concerned, Mr. MacDonald said the immediate question to be settled was the date and place of the Conference, for which Great Britain had suggested London. A definite statement on this matter was at present impossible.

The Dawes plan, said the Premier, must be replaced by

some new agreement. He had often felt that Great Britain's meticulous rectitude in fulfilling her obligations had not been recognised as it should be.

"We are bearing burdens which, in strict rectitude and in relation to the capacity of others, should not be imposed on us," declared the Premier amid Labour cheers.

"Well shall go back on none of our contracts—(ironic Opposition cheers)—but we shall in future arrangements not forget that the just business interests of our nation cannot be sacrificed."—(Labour cheers).

Replying to a question regarding the conditions upon which Russia would be recognised, Mr. MacDonald said that the conditions remained as laid down in a public despatch by the Government, and he stood by those conditions.

Turning to home affairs, the Premier said that in the matter of Safeguarding duties, they had, on coming into office, received a report on the wool industry which the Government proposed to publish, but did not intend to put into operation. The Government also proposed to treat as a dead letter the White Paper detailing the conditions for establishing Safeguarding enquiries.

No Protection.

The electorate had, said the Premier, just expressed its overwhelming opposition to Protective duties, and the Government did not intend to renew the existing Safeguarding Duties, and reserved the right to repeal them before the statutory period of their operation expired.

Action in the matter of the coalfields could not be long delayed, and the Government was consulting all interests with a view to producing measures that would not be a temporary patchwork but would put the industry on an up-to-date and efficient footing.

Electoral Reform.

Referring to the paragraph in the King's Speech on the subject of elections, Mr. MacDonald said the Government stood for constitutional democracy. He doubted whether some developments, such

(Continued on Page 7.)

THE SECOND TEST DRAWN.

ENGLAND ROBBED OF LIKELY VICTORY.

BAD LIGHT INTERVENES IN S. AFRICAN COLLAPSE.

ROBINS BOWLS FINELY.

London, July 2.

Bad light robbed England of a potential victory in the Second Test, which ended at Lord's to-day in a draw. Set the task of scoring 293 runs to win, South Africa gave a wretched display after Mitchell and Christy had been sent back, losing five wickets in all in scoring 90 runs. A sixth player, H. B. Cameron retired hurt before he had opened his score.

The South African collapse put England in sight of victory but an appeal against the light was sustained.

England finished in bright style. Leyland and Tate trounced the South African attack, Leyland getting 81 runs between the start and the lunch interval, to complete a stylish century soon afterwards.

Tate's Fine Effort.

Tate scored with rapidity, a dashing display producing 100 in quick time. When Tate had completed his first century in a Test match, J. C. White made the declaration. England had then scored 312 runs for the loss of 8 wickets, the visitors, therefore, being set the task of scoring 293 to win.

Catterall and Mitchell opened for South Africa to the bowling of Tate and Larwood. Tate met with an early success, Catterall's wicket being disturbed when he had made only 3 runs. Mitchell and Christy offered a long resistance to the England attack, but their quick dismissal one after the other, both falling to fine catches by Hendron off Robins, was the signal for further disasters.

Further Disasters.

Dalton was sent back after making one, Deane was stumped after making two, and Cameron received a bad knock and was forced to retire, before he had scored.

Morkel, meanwhile, was playing fine defensive cricket and when Deane's appeal against the bad light was upheld, he was not out 17. South Africa then required 293 runs with five wickets in hand. Morkel had a good match taking seven wickets and scoring 105 for once out.

R. W. V. Robins, the Middlesex and former Cambridge bowler, sent up 114 balls for 32 runs and 3 wickets.

The scores, as cabled by Reuter, were:—

England—1st Innings 302

England—2nd Innings

H. Sutcliffe, c Catterall, b Morkel	10
E. T. Killick, c Morkel, b Christy	24
M. Leyland, c Cameron, b Ochoa	102
E. Hendren, b Morkel	15
W. R. Hammond, b Morkel	11
J. O'Connor, c Cameron, b Ochoa	11
M. Tate, not out	100
R. W. V. Robins, c Mitchell, b Ochoa	0
H. Larwood, b Ochoa	9
J. C. White, not out	18
Extras	22
Total (8 wickets dec.)	312

Bowling Analysis.

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Ochoa	20	—	99	4
Morkel	24	6	68	8
Bell	18.2	2	—	1
Christy	3	—	15	1
McMillan	13	—	34	—
Mitchell	4	—	19	—

S. Africa—1st Innings 322

South Africa—2nd Innings

H. Catterall, b Tate	3
B. Mitchell, c Hendren, b Robins	22
J. Christy, c Hendren, b Robins	41
D. Morkel not out	17
E. L. Dalton, c Killick, b Larwood	1
H. G. Deane, st Duckworth, b Robins	2
H. Cameron, retired hurt	1
H. Owen-Smith not out	3
Extras	3
Total (for 5 wickets)	90

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Larwood	12	3	17	1
Tate	11	3	27	1
Robins	19	4	32	3
White	9	3	11	0

IMPROVED WATER OUTLOOK.

MARKED INCREASE IN THE KOWLOON STORAGE.

CONSUMPTION GROWS.

A feature of the latest statistics showing the contents of the Colony's reservoirs is that during the past week Kowloon's consumption nearly doubled compared with the previous week but, in spite of this fact, there is an increase in storage on the mainland of nearly 14 million gallons.

Hongkong's consumption during the week was practically the same as for the previous seven days, and the decrease in storage is just over two million gallons.

The official statement is as follows:—

The total storage in the island reservoirs on the morning of Monday, 1st July, amounted to 175.54 showing a decrease of 2.03 million gallons during the past week; the amount collected from streams being 18.47 million gallons.

The week's consumption totals 27.21 million gallons and is made up as follows:—

From City Main	20.55
From Taikee	37
From Lai Chi Kok	2.28
From Tsau Wan	2.28
From Steamers etc.	1.59
To Tanks	27.21

The total storage in the mainland reservoirs on the morning of Monday, 1st July, amounted to 114.27 million gallons showing an increase of 13.95 million gallons during the past week.

The week's consumption, excluding supplies to Hongkong is 20.00 million gallons plus 0.11 from the Tsau Wan supply making a total of 20.11 million gallons.

The yield from the Shing Mun River and streams during the week is 37.07 million gallons.

The foundations for the three wooden tanks to be used for the chlorination of the water of the Glenaleigh nullah, at the corner of Wyndham and Wellington Streets,

YEN HSI-SHAN TAKEN SUDDENLY ILL.

Sent to Hospital in the Legation Quarter.

DURING A CONFERENCE.

Peking, July 3.

Late last evening, while Ho Cheng-chun and Fang Peng-jen were holding a conference with the Marshal Yen Hsi-shan, the Shanai leader was suddenly taken ill.

A doctor called, ordered him to hospital without delay. Marshal Yen Hsi-shan entered the German Hospital, which is in the Legation Quarter. He is believed to be suffering from dysentery.—Reuter.

FRANCE AND HER WAR DEBTS.

RATIFICATION FAVOURED WITH RESERVATIONS.

Paris, July 2.

The Chamber Foreign Affairs Committee has passed a resolution in favour of the ratification of the War Debt Agreements with Britain and the United States, with reservations.—Reuter.

The Royal Observatory reports that pressure is highest in the Pacific to the east of Japan and the Bonins and is relatively low over China generally. The position of the typhoon is uncertain; it probably exists as a depression to the south of Vladivostok. The forecast till noon to-morrow is: South winds moderate; cloudy; local showers.

MENTAL TESTS ON PRISONER.

BORDER-LINE CASE FEATURES.

INSANITY ISSUE IN HARBOUR MURDER TRIAL.

TO-DAY'S EVIDENCE.

The trial of Chau Kau, junk fold, for the murder of Cheong Fook-kam in Victoria Harbour on March 18 was continued at the Supreme Court this morning before Mr. Justice Wood, and a jury.

Owing to unforeseen delay, the Court did not open until nearly 11.30 a.m., when His Lordship intimated that there were certain questions he would like to put to Dr. Dovey, who performed the post mortem examination on the body of the murdered girl.

In answer to his Lordship, Dr. Dovey said there were no signs of sexual assault on the victim's body. There were about seven or eight wounds on the second body, that of Cheong Fook-kam's sister, who was also done to death.

The foreman of the jury then requested his Lordship to recall the murdered girl's brother, who gave evidence yesterday, in order that certain points as to the time the tragedy occurred could be settled. They also wished to hear similar evidence from the man who rescued him from the harbour.

Had No Watch.

The first witness said that he had no watch with him in the sampan. He guessed the time the murders took place. He saw the Canton boat go out and remembered it because the sampan had to be rowed away from the steamer's wash. The fighting started as soon as the Canton boat had passed, without anything being said to cause trouble. He took no part in the fight.

To Mr. d'Almada (for the defence):—At that time he was unconscious. He could see nothing. He saw a little at the beginning of the fight. He did not see his sister struggling with any man or men.

Fung Au, who found the lad in the water, said that he left the China Merchants' wharf at 10 p.m. on the night of March 18, and found the boy about 15 minutes later.

Chung Mui, sampan woman, said that she looked for the sampan in which the bodies were found for some time, and eventually found it near Green Island. She would say that it was from three to four junks' length from the island. Nobody went on board.

Police Evidence.

Sergeant Humphreys said he was attached to the Water Police. He adhered to his previous statement that he found the knife, with which the crime is believed to have been committed, in the bottom of the boat between two ears. He removed the knife before the photograph of the sampan was taken.

His Lordship:—Is that according to instruction?—The instructions are that exhibits of that nature must be wrapped up and taken to the bacteriologists for examination.

It was impossible to take a picture of the sampan where it was found and it was necessary to remove it to the Railway Pier before this could be done.

Defence Outlined.

Outlining the defence, Mr. d'Almada referred to the mental state of the accused, and said that he would call Dr. Cannon who would speak of mental tests given to the man. The tests were those usually passed by a child of ten in England and by a Chinese child of 15. The difference in the age was on account of differences in language and in range of thought.

Dr. Cannon was loath to express a definite opinion regarding the prisoner. He could not say definitely whether the man was either sane or insane. No medical practitioner was likely to stake his reputation on a definite opinion unless he was absolutely certain. The prisoner's case was one well known to medical men as a border-line case.

Counsel added that Dr. Cannon would also refer to irresistible

(Continued on Page 8.)

KAU SING CRITICISM.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE REPLIES.

COMMAND AT FAULT RATHER THAN THE SINGLE SCREW.

NOT GIVEN FAIR TEST.

After an interval of several weeks, the Chamber of Commerce to-day ventures a reply to the strong criticisms of the rescue tug "Kau Sing" contained in an official report by the Harbour Master. In publishing this adverse report, the Government sought to show that the vessel was "the child of the Chamber of Commerce," since the special committee of that organisation was responsible for the main features of her design.

In the course of a vigorous defence, the Chamber lays great stress on the purpose for which the "Kau Sing" was built, which the Government in 1923 stated to be "rescue work in the harbour during typhoon weather."

With regard to the points at issue, the reply says: "The 'Kau Sing' resembles very closely the Admiralty type of rescue tug which, developed during the war, proved their serviceability then and subsequently all over the world. Knowing also that a large proportion of big tugs is equipped with single screws and manages to manoeuvre in narrow and congested harbours without mishap, it would appear that some other reason exists for the difficulty which is stated to have been experienced with the 'Kau Sing'."

The Chamber of Commerce has always been of opinion that a fully qualified master should be employed on the vessel, while on the point of engines, it is stated that there could be no excuse for taking the risk of Diesel failure. Motor-engines, it is added, are more or less untried under typhoon conditions.

With reference to comments on the length of time the reply has been under way, we are informed that almost the whole of the reply was drafted early in May, but was held up pending the receipt of questions addressed to the Government.

HARBOUR MASTER ANSWERED.

Mr. M. F. Key, the Secretary of the Hongkong General Chamber of Commerce, writes:—

Sir,—With reference to recent correspondence on the subject of the Rescue Tug "Kau Sing," the Committee of the Chamber of Commerce feels that it cannot allow to pass without comment the criticisms contained in the Harbour Master's Report, embodied in Sessional Paper No. 2 of 1929, and published in the Press.

Special Committee.

The design of the "Kau Sing" was adopted by the Government on the recommendations of a Special Committee appointed by the Chamber of Commerce in 1923-1924 at the request of the Government; this Committee consisted of Messrs. R. M. Dyer, J. Reid, Capt. A. W. Davison, Capt. T. Arthur, Mr. W. Lang (Surveyor to Lloyd's Registry) and was under the Chairmanship of Mr. R. Sutherland (Chairman of the Shipping Sub-Committee of the Chamber of Commerce). In fairness to these gentlemen the Chamber of Commerce desires to make the following comments.

Harbour Master's Case.

The Harbour Master's case may be summarised as follows:—(a) "Kau Sing," owing to having only a single screw, is practically unmanageable in typhoon weather, when attempting to manoeuvre alongside a ship.

(b) The boiler installation is unsuitable because too long a time is taken in getting up steam. "From cold boilers, it takes 12 hours to raise steam, and even with banked fires in one boiler it is not considered safe to send her outside harbour limits until such time as steam has been raised in the second boiler."

(c) As it would be uneconomical to convert "Kau Sing" from her present steam power to Diesel motor power, the Harbour Master recommends selling her and building a new tug with twin screws.

A full statement on the points at issue is attached to this letter, but for convenience I will summarise them here.

Single v. Twin Screw.

As is borne out by attached comments, expert opinion considers single screw tugs to be highly suitable for towage and salvage as well as for manoeuvring in narrow and congested waters; the Admiralty type of rescue tug, which has proved itself highly successful all over the world, also the majority of successful tugs such as those in Liverpool, London, the Clyde and in Holland are single screw vessels.

The Navigating Officer.

It is essential that a tug, in order to be used to the best advantage, should be handled by an experienced Tug Master, and a second Expert Committee, appointed by the Chamber of Commerce in 1926 at the request of the Harbour Master, to advise as to the "Orders of the Tug" recommended as follows:—

The appointment of a fully qualified European Master was considered essential. The Government, however, decided that a Boarding Officer only could be made available to take command of the "Kau Sing."

It must be clear that tug-boat seamanship is of a highly special training and a natural aptitude. Until the "Kau Sing" has been properly tested under the command of a Master possessing such training and aptitude, it is hardly fair that she should be condemned on the grounds of the difficulty of handling and manoeuvring her.

In response to requests, the Chamber of Commerce received from the Government, under dates May 23 and June 10, 1929, extracts from the log of the "Kau Sing," particulars of the qualifications and experience of the four officers who from time to time have had charge of the vessel, and statements by these officers giving their opinion as to how the tug handles.

One of these statements is dated 27.7.29; three others are dated 10.5.29. Between the four officers who, at various periods since the tug was launched, have had charge of the tug there is a striking conflict of opinion as to her steaming abilities. The relevant extracts from the log contain no statement to the effect that, under the described circumstances, the tug was not able to do what was required of her.

The tug masters' statements generally are inconclusive, being vitiated by the fact that none of them have had previous experience in the handling of tugs.

(Continued on Page 27.)

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WATER FAMINE HARDSHIPS.

BIG KAIFONG MEETING TO BE
HELD SHORTLY.

CHINESE COMPLAINTS.

The water problem again figured prominently at the monthly meeting of the Chinese General Chamber of Commerce yesterday afternoon, when the Secretary, Mr. Chen Heung-pak read a large number of letters of complaint on the water famine and the hardships incurred by Chinese from various trade guilds and individuals.

There was a large attendance of representatives of trade associations, including the Hon. Dr. R. H. Kotewall, C.M.G., Messrs. Tang Shiu-kin, Chau Yue-teng, Ip Lan-chuen, Leung Pat-yue, Ho Yu, Ma Ying-piu and Wong Ping-shuen. Mr. Li Yick-mui was in the chair, supported by the Vice-Chairman, Mr. Chau Yue-teng and the Secretary.

The Chinese Contractors' Association in a long letter, complained of the Government cutting off supplies for building operations since May 6, in consequence of which much construction work had been delayed and contractors suffered financially. It was pointed out that since the strike in 1925 contractors had been doing a hand-to-mouth business and consequent on the recent suspension of construction work the various companies had to dismiss some of the workmen for the time being. The result was that thousands of men were out of employment, for no other reason than that contractors could not get an adequate water supply. It was stated that efforts of the contractors and of local architects to urge the Public Works Department to give longer hours of supply had also been unsuccessful.

The letter concluded by saying that the labourers already suffered many hardships when their wives and children had to wait for hours near the street fountains securing water for cooking and washing purposes and now further hardships were imposed on them because of unemployment.

Queues a Nuisance.

Another letter addressed to the Chamber by residents in Yau-mat, bearing the signature of two hundred persons, complained of the inadequate supply on the mainland, while other complaints were that the long queues of buckets and kerosene tins proved to be a great nuisance, obstructing would-be customers visiting shops and endangering residents living in the upper storeys if a fire occurred.

Other letters resented the suggestion to further restrict the supply allowed to Chinese restaurants and boarding houses, and managements of these concerns pointed out that their businesses could not afford to suffer further because of a water famine.

Most Inadequate Supply.

In the ensuing discussion, Mr. Ip Lan-chuen, the former Secretary to the Chamber, said that by his personal careful observations and timing at the street fountains with a stop-watch he found that in most of the upper hill districts in Sturgeson Street, Shelley Street and Hollywood Road the pressure of the water derived from the street fountains was extremely low. On the average the people could secure only one kerosene tin of water about a minute. Assuming that the daily supply from the street fountains was 4 hours, this being the present restriction, only 240 tins could be derived from one fountain. Mr. Ip estimated that in each house there are at least three storeys and 240 tins could barely supply the need of ten houses, not to mention a whole street where there are forty to fifty houses. The great hardships of the residents in these districts was beyond description.

The speaker added that he had heard that the authorities were going to put up 100 street fountains, but even then the hardships of the people would only be partially relieved. Another problem was that of bullying at street fountains. Mr. Ip said that he saw with his own eyes many cases in the upper levels where coolies and professional water carriers had to queue for twenty tins in the queues at one time. Other unscrupulous persons used this double in size the usual kerosene tins and the result was that the women and children had to wait for twenty-four hours sometimes and then go home without water.

The Only Remedy.

The Hon. Dr. Kotewall said that his colleagues and himself, Sir Shou-son Chow and Dr. S. W. Tso fully realised the hardships of their compatriots and it was for this very reason he suggested calling a big meeting of Chinese Kaifong, or citizens, in the next few days. Dr. Kotewall said it seemed to him the only remedy to relieve the famine was to urge the Government to pump water into the Tytam Reservoir. In the opinion of the Government it would require \$500,000 a month to charter tankers to transport water to the Colony to pump the reservoirs and distribute to every house. Furthermore, it would require an additional \$300,000 for purchasing of water, etc., and this would bring the total cost to \$800,000.

Dr. Kotewall said that, on the other hand, he believed the accumulated cost spent by the Chinese citizens for bringing water from the street fountains to their respective houses, was in the neighbourhood of \$800,000.

A Kaifong Meeting.

Continuing, Dr. Kotewall said he noticed in the comments of Chinese newspapers approval of the suggestion that water be pumped into the reservoirs. The three Chinese representatives on the Legislative Council had also received many letters of complaint requesting that they should urge the Government to pump water into the reservoirs and distribute it to the houses.

Dr. Kotewall concluded by saying that he wanted to make it clear to the meeting that he desired that all controversy pertaining to the pumping of water into the reservoirs be reserved to the coming big Kaifong meeting, when the representatives of the various classes of Chinese would congregate and discuss the following questions:

Will the residents pay for the cost of transporting water into Hongkong and pumping it into the reservoirs?

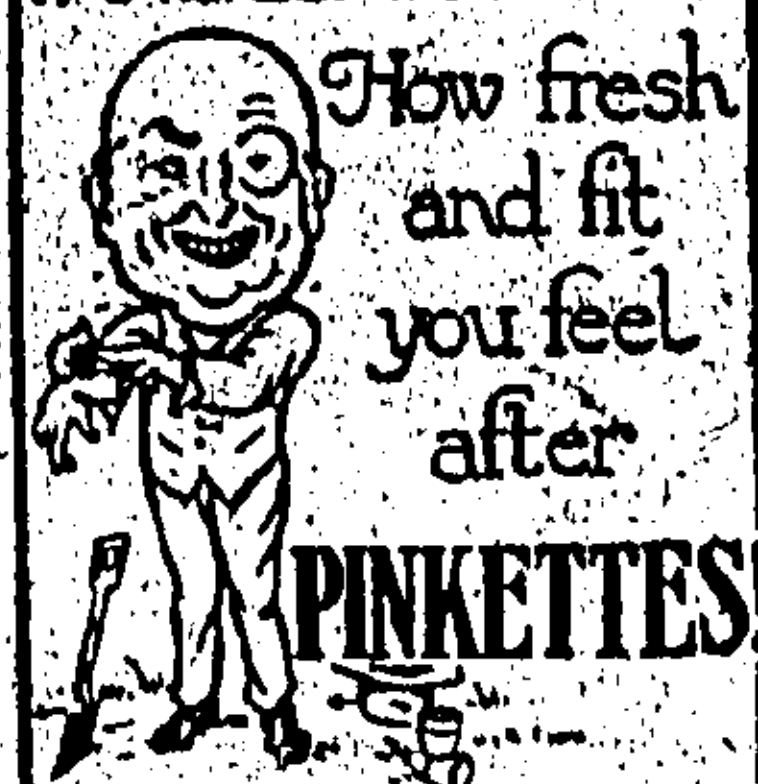
Will the land and house owners pay for the new charges or the occupants of the houses, or will they share the expenses among them? Will the occupants of the third and fourth storeys and upper storeys be in a position to obtain water if all houses get four hours a day; in other words, will the pressure of water be strong enough to reach the upper storeys?

Lack of Foresight.

Mr. Ho Yu stated that water restriction was by no means an innovation in the Colony. As a matter of fact the present famine started last year. It was therefore the Government who should shoulder all expenses incurred in the pumping of water into the reservoirs, considering that the Government should have realised that the population was increasing every day and should have had the foresight to make the necessary provision. He believed that if the famine continued some residents would leave Hongkong for other places and this indirectly, would affect trade. Mr. Ho added that it would be unfair to introduce any new tax on the people to meet the cost of bringing water to Hongkong and he suggested the issue by the Government of a public loan.

In reply to the discussion, the Hon. Dr. Kotewall said that he

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P.W.D. LAND SALE.

KOWLOON PLOT DISPOSED OF YESTERDAY.

Brisk bidding featured the sale by public auction yesterday afternoon at the Land Office of Kowloon Inland Lot No. 2,198, situated at the junction of Prince Edward Road and Waterloo Road. The area of the plot is about 34,400 square feet with an annual rental of \$236.

The upset price was \$17,200, the minimum bid being \$100. After an offer of \$300 at the first bid, the price rose in bids of \$100 to \$23,000 when it was knocked down to Mr. J. M. Noronha.

Some of the conditions of the sale were that not more than four houses should be erected on the plot, that no other buildings other than semi-detached houses of European type were allowed to be erected, and that the purchaser was not to erect any building within 20 feet of Prince Edward Road and Waterloo Road.

Kowloon Inland Lot No. 2,199 adjoining Kowloon Inland Lot No. 2,146, Tai Nan Street attracted no bidders with an upset price of \$7,289. The area is about 4,165 square feet, the annual rental being \$48.

NORTHERN FAMINE.

REPORTED CANNIBALISM IN SHENSI PROVINCE.

Dreadful conditions in the famine area in North-Western China, particularly in Shensi province, were reported in a letter addressed to the Chinese General Chamber of Commerce by Shensi natives and referred to by Mr. Chen Heung-pak, Secretary of the Chamber at a meeting held yesterday afternoon.

People who were hungry and could not find food went and attacked and killed lone travellers and children and ate human flesh. In some districts in Shensi, people exchanged their children for food.

The meeting decided to call the attention of the Tung Wah Hospital and the leading Chinese charitable institutions to the conditions prevailing, urging them to open a public subscription to collect funds.

desired to reiterate that he had not the slightest intention to impress upon those at the meeting that it was the Government who should pay for the cost referred to or that the landowners or occupants of houses should bear the expense, but he wanted those at the meeting to deliberate deeply on the question and put forth their suggestions.



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24, Yuen Ming Yuen Road,
Shanghai.

A. P. B. 9

Nervous debility

frequently is caused by faulty nutrition and can be corrected by a regular course of this lung-healing and body-building food. Ask for



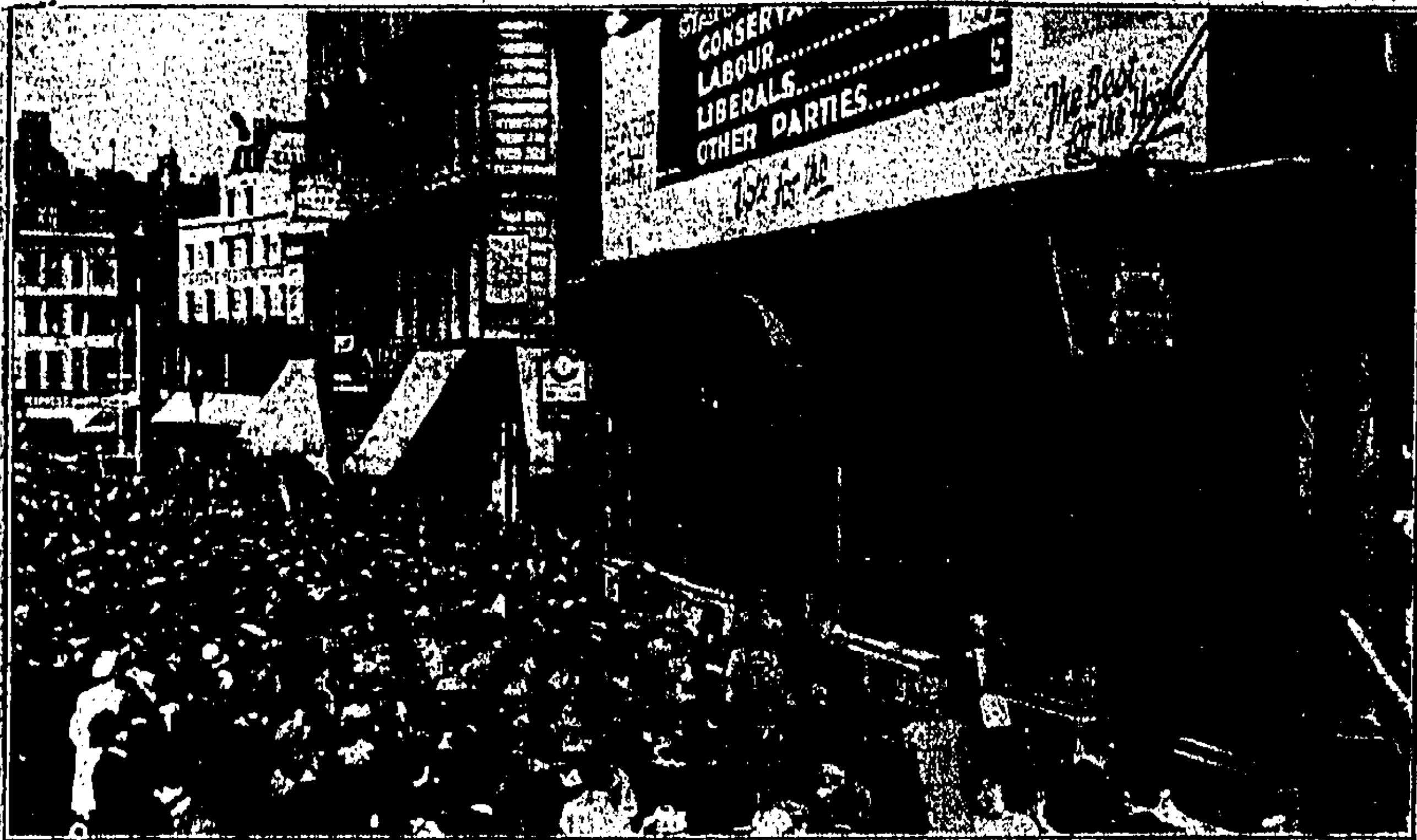
SCOTT'S
Emulsion
The protector of life

SALESMAN SAM

Afraid He'll Get a Long Hit

By Small





Large crowds gathered at places in London where the progress of the General Election was being displayed. Part of the crowd watching announcements in the Strand, London. (Times copyright).



Sir Austen Chamberlain touring the West Birmingham Division. A recount was demanded by the Labour candidate; he kept his seat with a majority of 43. (Times copyright).



H. R. H. the Prince of Wales visited the Royal Counties Show at Southampton. He is seen presenting the King's Cup for the best Hampshire Down Sheep to Major V. S. Bland. (Times copyright).



The Duke of York, the Lord High Commissioner, held a Levée at the Palace of Holyroodhouse, before the opening of the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland. Our picture shows the Duke and Duchess driving along Prince-Street, Edinburgh. (Times copyright).



Upon the return of foreign diplomats from the funeral of Dr. Sun Yat-sen at Nanking, Mr. W. Aall, Charge d'Affaires of the Norwegian Legation, Peking, gave a dinner in honour of the Chinese Minister of Foreign Affairs, Dr. C. T. Wang. The affair was held at the Majestic Hotel, Shanghai.



Rear-Admiral H. H. Christie, the new commander of the U. S. Atlantic Fleet. He will hoist his flag in the U. S. S. Pennsylvania.



Apparently American strike-breaking methods were responsible for the above. The house of one of the Elizabethton textile workers now on strike was blown up by dynamite. The occupier and his family were fortunately absent. Fellow strikers and police are seen examining the wreckage.



Miss Helen Jacobs, American tennis star.



Photo taken at the Shanghai Rowing Club's interport dinner recently when visiting Tientsin oarsmen were the guests of honour. Among the guests was Mr. Stirling Fessenden, Director-General of the Shanghai Municipal Council.

MACKINTOSH'S have just received a small exclusive range of fancy Linen Handkerchiefs and a special display of these is now on view in their window.

ELITE STYLES SPECIAL SALE



LADIES' HATS
BATHING SUITS
HAND BAGS
CORSETS and GIRDLES
WATERPROOFS
SUNSHADES

ALL THESE SUMMER
GOODS TO CLEAR AT
LESS THAN COST

ELITE STYLES

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WHITEAWAY'S

A
Special Value
IN
**Tennis
Shirts**

Made from a good white
Cellular Net, Cool and
Absorbent. Short
Sleeves and no Pocket.

NOTE
THE
PRICE.
\$3.95



MEN'S OUTFITTING DEPARTMENT.
WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.

TO-DAY'S WANTS

25 WORDS—ONE DOLLAR

(\$1.50 IF NOT PREPAID)

The following replies have been received:—

295, 300, 301, 303, 306, 315, 344, 363, 371,
374, 376, 381, 385, 411, 426, 427, 443, 445
455, 461, 462, 465, 474, 476, 486, 505, 512.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

SITUATION VACANT—British firm has vacancy for experienced European STENOGRAPHER for confidential work. Reply giving references and salary required to Box No. 536, care of "Hongkong Telegraph."

WANTED—Young Chinese male stenographer for Amoy. Reply Secretary, P.O. Box 22.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—On Broadwood Road, 3 roomed BUNGALOW. Write Secretary, Post Office Box No. 22.

WATER TANKS FOR SALE—100 gallon Steel Drums, for sale, these are good strong tanks for reserving water for household use, and galvanized inside and outside, will not rust. Price \$15.00 each. Kwong Sang Hong Ltd., or 134/5, Praya East, Wanchai.

"PEAK MANSIONS."

SITUATED within Two Minutes' Walk from the Tram Station and overlooking the Southern Side of the Island. Ready for Occupation. Five-Roomed and Six-Roomed APARTMENTS, with all Modern Conveniences, Drying Rooms and Out-houses, Two Lifts. Apply to—
CREDIT FONCIER D'EXTREME-ORIENT,

MASSHEU R. SHIMIDZU.
MASSHEU S. HONDA.
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Recommended for many years by Government Civil Hospital, Peak Hospital, etc., and by all the local doctors.
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BY
TIME

JOHN TAYLOR & CO.

KIRKCALDY, SCOTLAND.

SOLE AGENTS:—

N. S. MOSES & CO., LTD.

New Advertisements

G. 5122 R.
NOTICE.

PARTICULARS AND CONDITIONS of Sale by Public Auction to be held on Monday, the 8th day of July, 1929, at 3 p.m., at the Offices of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor of one Lot of Crown Land at Shamshui, in the Colony of Hong Kong, for a term of 75 years, commencing from 1st July, 1898, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the King, for one further term of 24 years less three days.

Particulars of the Lot.

Reg. No.	Locality.	Boundary Measurements.	Containing in Acres, Roods, and Perches.	Area in Acres, Roods, and Perches.	Upset Price.
1	New Kowloon Island Lot No. 124.	As per plan.	12 1/2	12 1/2	\$1,172

G. 5122 R.
NOTICE.

PARTICULARS AND CONDITIONS of the Sale by Public Auction to be held on Monday, the 8th day of July, 1929, at 3 p.m., at the Offices of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor, of one Lot of Crown Land at Mong Kok Tsui, in the Colony of Hong Kong, for a term of 75 years, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the King, for one further term of 75 years.

Reg. No.	Locality.	Boundary Measurements.	Containing in Acres, Roods, and Perches.	Area in Acres, Roods, and Perches.	Upset Price.
1	New Kowloon Island Lot No. 124.	As per plan.	12 1/2	12 1/2	\$1,172

NOTICE.

The American Community of Hong Kong will be at Home to their friends on the 4th July, 1929, 11.30 a.m. to 1 p.m. at the American Club, Duddell Street.

WATER EMERGENCY
COMMITTEE.

A Control Office has been opened, as from to-day, at
Post Office Building, 1st floor.

All inquiries and communications regarding the importation of water should be made there.

WILL STEAMSHIP AGENTS
PARTICULARLY NOTE.

Tel. No. C.2527 & Govt. No. 284.
By order,

H. S. ROUSE,
Secretary.
Hongkong, 1st July, 1929.

Lammert's Auctions

PUBLIC AUCTION

The Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,

on Thursday and Friday,

the 4th and 5th, July 1929.

commencing each day at 11 a.m. with interval from 1 to 2.30 p.m.

at CARLTON HOTEL,

No. 20, Ice House Street.

A Large Quantity of Valuable Household Furniture.

comprising:—

Teak Hatstand, Hall Mirrors, Chesterfield Couch, Chesterfield Chairs, Armchairs, Teak Book Cases, Teak Dining Tables, Chairs, Teak Sideboards, Glass Cabinet, Curtains, Carpets, Crockery, Glass Ware, Cutlery, Teak Ice Chests, Ceiling and Table Fans, Ceiling Lights, etc., etc.
Teak Bedsteads, Iron Beds, Teak Wardrobes with Bevelled Mirrors, Teak Dressing Tables, Teak and Marble Top Washstands, Toilet Sets, Blankets, Table Cloth, Linen, Mosquito Nets, etc., etc.

also

One Piano by S. Moutrie & Co.

and

A Quantity of Blackwood Ware.

One Safe by James Black, London. On View from Wednesday, the 3rd July, 1929.

Catalogues will be issued.

Terms:—Cash on Delivery.

LAMMERT BROS.,
Auctioneers.

PUBLIC AUCTION

Messrs. LAMMERT BROTHERS have received instructions from the Mortgagee to offer the valuable leasehold properties known as,

22 Robinson Road,

and

24 Robinson Road,

for sale by Public Auction, at their Sales Room,

No. 4, Duddell Street,

on Monday,

the 8th day of July, 1929, at 3 p.m.

For further Particulars and Conditions of sale apply to the Crown Solicitor, Courts of Justice, or to:—

MESSRS. LAMMERT BROTHERS,
4, Duddell Street.
Hongkong, 25th, June 1929.

U.S. NAVAL POLICY.

DOCTRINE OF PARITY TO
REMAIN.

Washington, July 2.

Referring to reports from London that the United States would change its policy with regard to naval disarmament, Mr. Stimson indicated that the doctrine of parity would continue to be the principal basis of discussions at future naval parleys, where the United States were concerned.

He said the doctrine of parity was greatly important as a means of determining not how two nations were to shoot at each other, but as a means of helping them to agree not to shoot at each other. "The first step which people take when they are going to shoot at each other is to try to outbuild each other. The minute they agree not to outbuild each other, they are taking one of the longest steps possible towards not having war."

More Aeroplanes.

The Navy Department awarded contracts for the construction of 162 aeroplanes yesterday. Reuter's American Service.

SHARE PRICES

TO-DAY'S QUOTATIONS.

The following is the list of local share quotations issued to-day:

Banks.

Hongkong Bank, \$1240 b.
Chartered Bank, \$191 b.
Mercantile A. & B., \$53 n.
P. and O. \$91 n.
East Asia \$90 n.

Insurance.

Canton Ins., \$530 a.
Union Ins., \$324 b.
North China, Ins., Tls. 160 b.
Yangtze Ins., \$50 n.
China Underwriters, \$2.20 a.
China Fire, \$300 b.
H.K. Fire Ins., \$770 b.

Shipping.

Douglases, \$27 b.
H.K. Steamboats, \$24 b.
H.K. Tugs, \$2.50 a.
Indo-China, (Def.) \$70 n.
Union Waterboats, \$23 n.

Mining.

Benguets, \$3 n.
Kailash, \$3.9 n.
Langkats, Tls. 14 n.
Shai Explorations, Tls. 2.75 a.
Rauba, \$6.25 n.
Troncha, \$1/- n.

Docks, etc.

Kowloon Wharves, \$124 b.
Whampoa Docks, \$35 n.
China Providents, \$3.95 b.
Hongkows, Tls. 168 n.
New Engineering, Tls. 6 b.
Shanghai Docks, Tls. 125 a.

Cottons.

Ewo Cottons, Tls. 13.20 a.
Oriental, Tls. 2.25 b.
Shai Cottons, Tls. 734 (old) b.

Lands, Hotels, etc.

H. and S. Hotels, \$8.65 b.
H.K. Lands, \$61 b.
Shai Lands Tls. 147 b.
Humphreys, \$11 b.
Realists, \$7.50 b.

Public Utilities.

Tramways, \$19.10 b.
Peak Trams, (old) \$11.80 n.
Star Ferries, \$644 b.
China Lights, (Old) \$13.80 b.
H.K. Electric, \$55.95 b.
Maaco Electric, \$261 n.
Telephones \$7 b.
China Buses, Tls. 147 b.
Singapore Traction, 11/3 a.

Industrials.

China Sugars, \$5 b.
Malabons, \$27 n.
Canton Ice, \$2 b.
Cements (Comb.) \$8.70 b.
Ropes (Old) \$7 s.
United Asbestos \$5 b.

Stores, etc.

Dairy Farms, \$19 s.
Watsons, \$12 n.
Dor A. Wings, '80 b.
Lane Crawfords, \$11 a.
Mackintosh, \$18 b.
Sinceros, \$12 b.

Miscellaneous.

Amusements, \$291 n.
Constructions, \$1.50 n.
B'que Ind. G. Bonds, 67%
H. K. G. Loan 7% s. Prem.

LETTER GOLF.

It's easy to make every WISH come TRUE in letter golf. Par is eight.

W	I	S	H
T	R	U	E

1.—The idea of letter golf is to change one word to another and do it in par, a given number of strokes. Thus to change COW to HEN, in three strokes, COW, HOW, HEW, HEN.
2.—You can change only one letter at a time.
3.—You must have a complete word of common usage, for each jump. Slang words and abbreviations don't count.
4.—The order of letters cannot be changed.
One solution is printed on another page.

SOME NEW RECORDS WE RECOMMEND

Columbia Records

Choose Your New Records from This List!

J.H. SQUIRES CELESTE OCTET.

9126 PRELUDE IN C SHARP MINOR
9118 ANGEL'S SERENADE (BRAGA)
9107 SERENADE (TITT)
9107 MARITANA
9098 THE BOHEMIAN GIRL
9098 PRELUDE
9254 SCOTTISH FANTASIA
9254 GOSSAMER WINGS
4534 LAND OF DREAMS
4534 CHERITZA
4382 SOUVENIRS
4382 SERENADE (GOUNOD)
4294 EXTASE
4294 SALUT D'AMOUR
4184 BARCAROLLE
9440 MOMENT MUSICAL
9440 SERENADE
9440 CLASSICA SELECTION
PART 1-2

The Anderson Music Co., Ltd.

POST OFFICE NOTICE

From	INWARD MAILS.	To	Date and Time.
Japan	St. Albans	July 2.	
Amoy	Santhia	July 2.	
Shanghai and Swatow	Sulyang	July 2.	
Shanghai and Amoy	Kanchow	July 3.	
Europe via Suez, (letters and papers, 30th May)	Rhyber	July 4.	
Japan and Shanghai	Kashgar	July 4.	
U.S.A., Canada, (Seattle, 16th June)	Kashgar	July 5.	
Japan and Shanghai	Pres. Taft	July 5.	
Japan, Shanghai and Europe via Siberia (London 13th-14th June)	Kashgar	July 5.	
Manila	Empress of Asia	July 7.	
Australia and Manila	Aratuna	July 7.	
Japan	Kamakura Maru	July 8.	
Manila	Pres. Jackson	July 8.	
Shanghai	Sarpedon	July 9.	
U.S.A., (San Francisco 14th June)	Pres. Johnson	July 9.	
Honolulu, Japan and Shanghai	Pres. Taft	July 15.	
Manila	Pres. McKinley	July 15.	
Honolulu, Japan and Shanghai			
For	OUTWARD MAILS.	To	Date and Time.
Sam Shui and Wuchow	Kongso	Wed, July 3, 4 p.m.	
Formosa	Tatsuno Maru	Wed, July 3, 5 p.m.	
Amoy	Sirdhana	Wed, July 3, 5.00 p.m.	
Haplong	Gia-Long	Wed, July 3, 5 p.m.	
Straits	Cramer	Thurs, July 4, 10.30 a.m.	
Amoy, Formosa via Swatow	Deli Maru	Thurs, July 4, 10.30 a.m.	
Swatow	Hydrangea	Thurs, July 4, 2.30 p.m.	
Holhow	Kwilyang	Fri, July 5, 8.30 a.m.	
Manila, Australia and New Zealand via Brisbane	Burma Maru	Fri, July 5, Registration 9.45 a.m. Letters 10.50 a.m. (Due Brisbane July 22.)	
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	Halching	Fri, July 5, 1 p.m.	
Manila, Sandakan, Australia and New Zealand via Thursday Island	St. Albans	Fri, July 5, Parcels Noon. Registration 1.45 p.m. Letters 2.30 p.m. (Due Thursday Island, 20th July.)	
Shanghai, Japan and Europe via Siberia	Khyber	Fri, July 5, 8.30 p.m.	
Swatow	Anking	Sat, July 6, 10 a.m.	
Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, East and South Africa, Aden, Egypt and Europe via Marseilles	Kashgar	Sat, July 6, K.P.O. July 5, 4.30 p.m. Registration July 6, 9 a.m. Letters 10 a.m.	
Java via Batavia	Tjikembang	Sat, July 6, 1.30 p.m.	
Manila	Pres. Taft	Sat, July 6, 4.30 p.m.	
Amoy	Kwangtung	Sat, July 6, 5 p.m.	
Bangkok via Swatow	Kaying	Sun, July 7, 9 a.m.	
Swatow, Amoy and Formosa	Capton Maru	Sun, July 7, 9 a.m.	
*Straits, Bombay, Lourenco Marques and South Africa	Kamakura Maru	Mon, July 8, 5 p.m.	
Shanghai, Japan, Canada, U.S.A., C & S America and Europe via Victoria B.C. and Europe via Siberia	President Jackson	Tues, July 9, Parcels July 8, 5 p.m. Registration July 9, 8.45 a.m. Letters July 9, 9.30 a.m. (Due Victoria B.C. 20th July.)	
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	Hai Ning	Tues, July 9, 2.00 p.m.	
Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, E. & S. Africa, Egypt and Europe via Marseilles	Sarpedon	Tues, July 9, K.P.O. July 9, 4.30 p.m. Letters 4.30 p.m.	
Swatow	Hopsang	Wed, July 10, 8.30 a.m.	
Manila	Mausang	Wed, July 10, 1.30 p.m.	
Straits and Calcutta	Kunang	Thurs, July 11, noon	
Amoy	Kutang	Thurs, July 11, 1 p.m.	
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	Halang	Fri, July 12, 1 p.m.	
Manila	Pres. Johnson	Sat, July 13, 5 p.m.	
Japan, Honolulu, U.S.A., Canada, Central and South America	Pres. Taft	Mon, July 15, Parcels July 14, 3 p.m. Registration July 14, 4.15 p.m. Letters July 14, 5 p.m. (Due San Francisco 7th August.)	
*Europe via San Francisco	Pres. Taft	Mon, July 15, Registration July 15, 5 p.m. Letters 6 p.m. (Due San Francisco 7th August.)	
Shanghai and Europe via Siberia	Pres. Taft	Mon, July 15, Registration July 15, 5 p.m. Letters 6 p.m. (Due San Francisco 7th August.)	
Manila	Pres. McKinley	Tues, July 16, 4.30 p.m.	

*Superscribed Correspondence only.

ONE MAN AND DECCA MAKE A FIRST CLASS SHOW

All Decca needs for a first class show is someone to put its records on and wind it up. When you've attended to that, Decca will bring the finest singers, the most popular musicians to your fireside, clear and true and perfect as you hear them on the stage.

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(Lane, Crawford, Ltd.)



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WOMAN'S WORLD

FOR OUR LADY READERS.



One's walk should be the embodiment of grace, says Doris Niles.

[By Doris Niles.]

One of the best examples of grace in walking is Queen Victoria of Spain. I have seen her cross a lawn before an immense throng of people whose eyes were fastened on her every movement. That was an ordeal. And yet she seemed to float rather than to walk. The result was the very embodiment of natural, queenly grace.

How did she accomplish it? Simply by applying the principles of the old-fashioned waltz. She stepped on her heel and the balance was carried slowly forward to the toe. There was no jerking, no angularity. Even though the queen were not as lovely a woman as she is, that walk of hers would cause people to catch their breath in admiration. There are those who, taught to dancing in the studio, follow the same principle in walking in the street. There is nothing worse than to go springing along on the toes, which is both unnatural and ungraceful. The most important rule in walking is to retain the relaxing idea of light freedom of step and of carriage of the body, just as in the old-fashioned waltz, stepping first on the flat of the foot, then on the toe.

To paraphrase an old saying, when self-consciousness comes in the door, grace flies out of the window. Many a girl who is naturally a graceful walker, if faced by a grating multitude, would be overcome with fear and timidity. Consequently, she would walk in an ungraceful way of which at any other time she would be utterly incapable.

There is one reliable and only way to avoid such experiences—know the why and therefore of the proper way to do things. When one is certain of the right way, one does them unconsciously even when, in the first moments of an unusual experience, the mind is fluttering from nervousness.

A noted French authority trained his pupils on just this plan for appearing on the concert stage. He had them rehearse over and over what they would do in coming out before the public and in the moment when nerves, affecting the calm working of the mind, would interfere—in other words, when they were self-conscious. Therefore, when surprise or a trying emergency came, they were so firmly grounded in the right way of doing things that they did them instinctively until the mind worked normally.

Today's Recipe.

TIPSY CREAM.

Put half-a-pint of white wine, a light one, into a pan, and mix with it a lemon rind, a mere trifle, say a big pinch, of cinnamon, and three tablespoons of soft sugar; boil for a quarter-of-an-hour. In another pan mix a dessertspoonful of flour with the well-beaten yolks of half-a-dozen eggs, and stir in the wine very slowly. Let this become luke-warm, and then strain through a sieve, into a basin, which set in hot water over a slow heat until the cream has set. When fairly cool, pour into a glass dish; and when very cold eat it. This is extravagantly nice! If you want to be teetotally nice, why not a simple orange cream? Making a custard of the yolks of four eggs, a pint of milk, four tablespoonfuls of soft sugar, and the grated rinds of two oranges. To this add an ounce of gelatine dissolved in a small quantity of water and the strained juice of one orange. Strain and mould, and eat very cold. It can be prettily dressed with de-pipped quarters of oranges.

When Your Hair Lacks Vitality.

[By a Beauty Expert.]

It is significant that at this time of the year scores of women are dissatisfied with their hair. Generally, it is suffering from lack of air and stimulation. Dance halls and theatres have been the chief places of amusement during the winter months, and the moisture and dust has been allowed to accumulate, thus clogging the glands of the scalp.

It is a good move to have a course of electrical massage if it can be afforded. This stimulates the scalp, and loosens the scales which are preventing the glands from deriving the nutriment for the hair. If, on account of need for economy, that is out of the question, then ten minutes finger massage should be practised daily.

But, first, a good shampoo is necessary. If dandruff is present I would suggest a tar shampoo; if it is greasy a shampoo containing almond oil. But to be effective it must be rubbed in until the head tingles.

Until the hair is in a healthier condition, a shampoo every ten to fourteen days would be wise. And between the shampoos massage and vigorous brushing with clean brushes given daily.

Use an upward movement for the massage starting from the base of the neck to the crown; from the ears to the crown, and from the forehead to the crown. Make the scalp move under the fingers. It is not effective unless the skin tingles.

Then follow this up with a good brushing with a perfectly clean hair brush. It helps considerably if a tonic is applied to the scalp. The following is a very good one, and is not expensive. Any chemist will make it up, or you can get the ingredients and make it up yourself:—

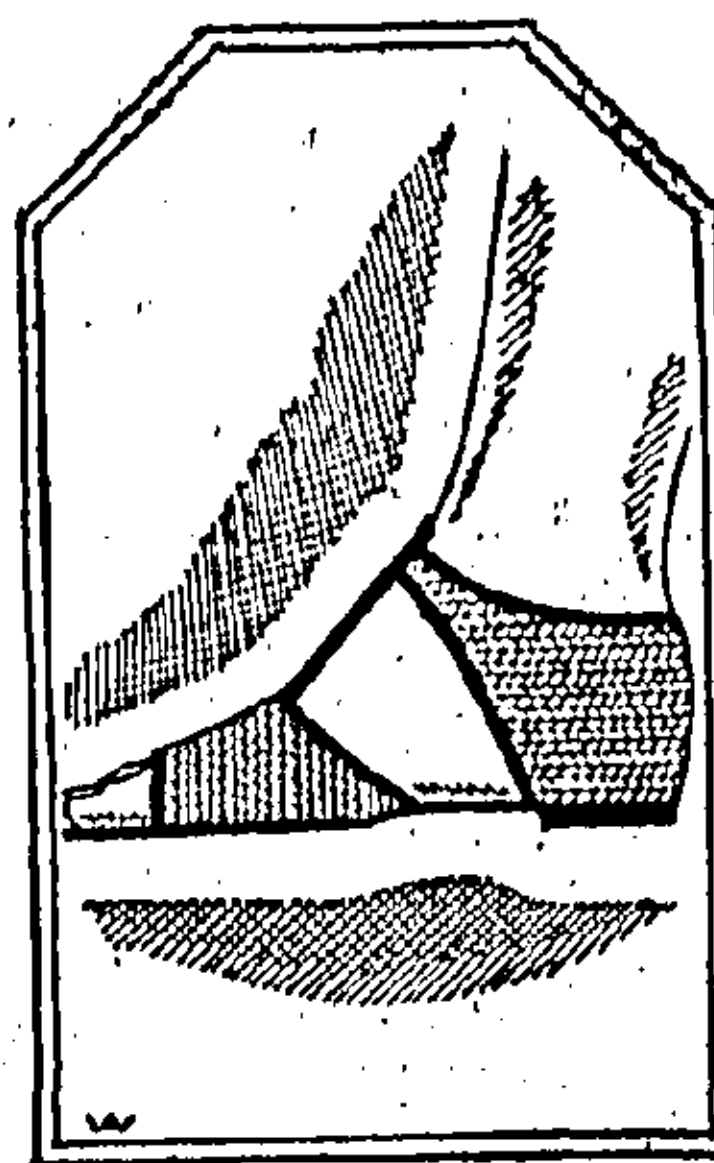
Three ounces of bay rum.
A square of camphor, crushed to a powder.

Two drachms of ammonia.

Two drachms of tincture of cantharides.

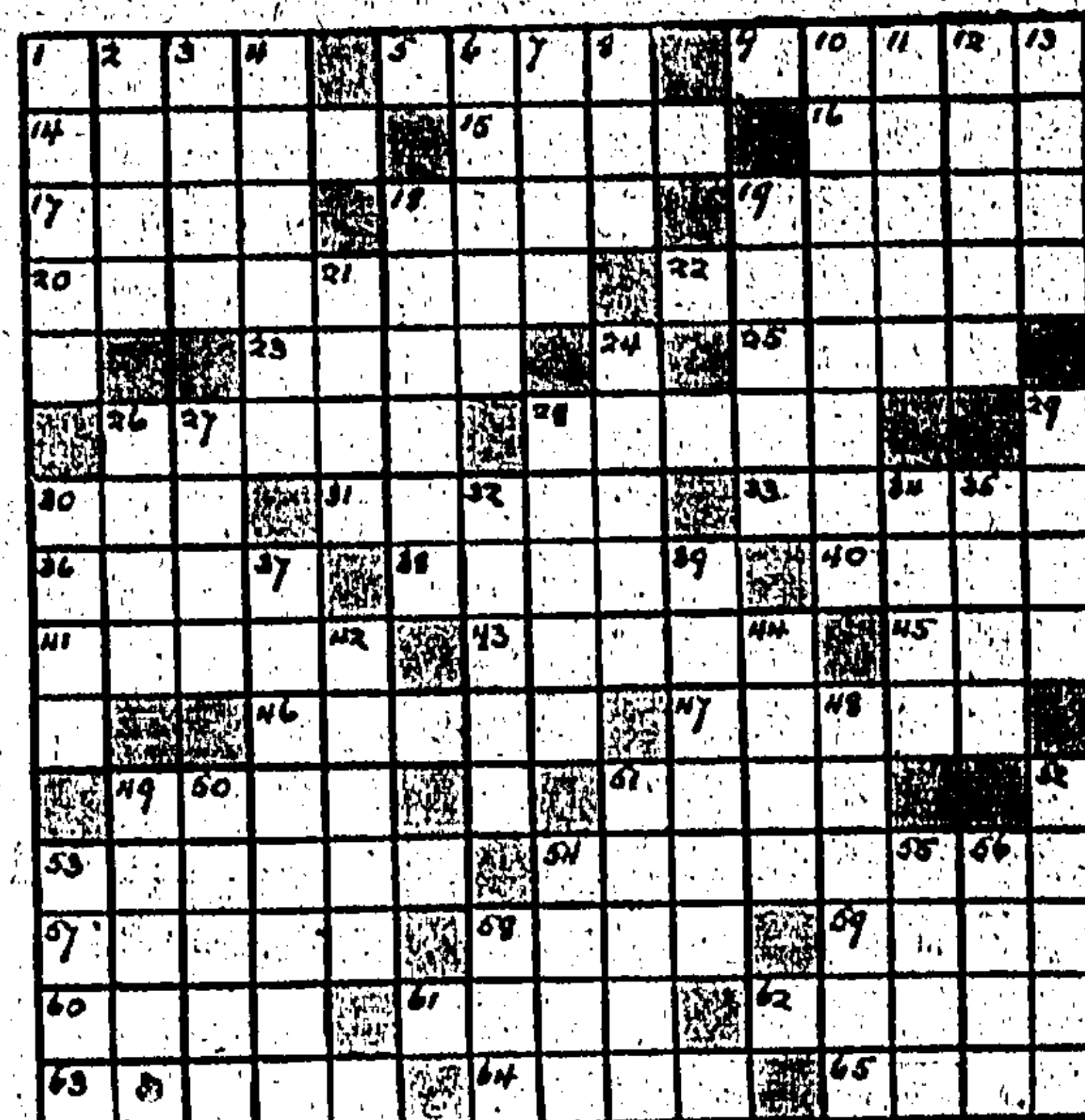
Put the ingredients into a bottle with a stoppered top and sprinkle a few drops to the scalp night and morning. Then thoroughly massage it into the scalp.

Besides being a good tonic it makes a delightful dressing for the hair, especially if a few spots of a fragrant perfume are added.



Woven natural straw is used to make this unusually attractive beach sandal. It is edged with red leather.

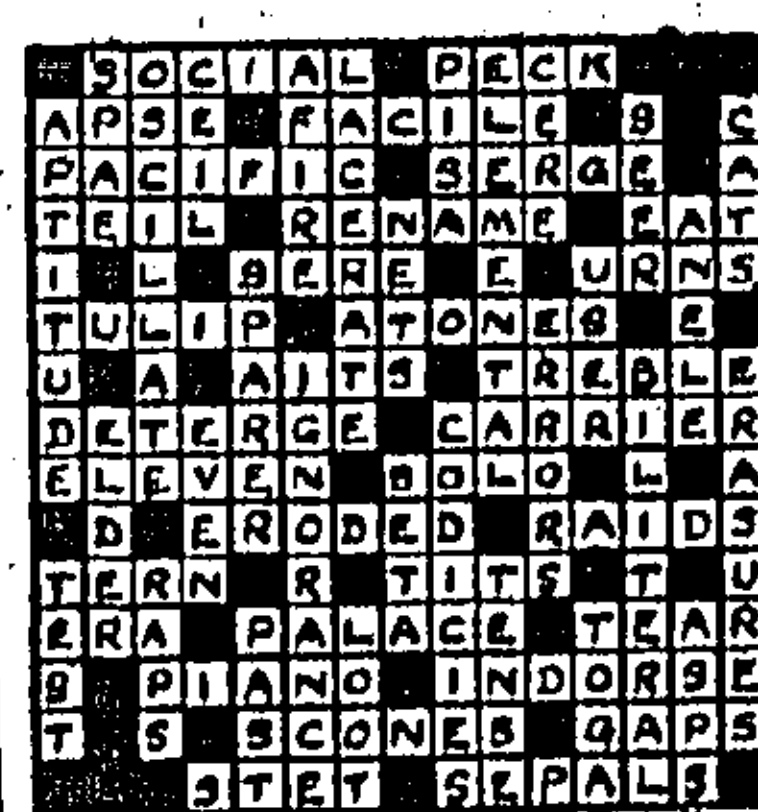
OUR NEW BRITISH CROSSWORDS.



- Across
- 1 Stay.
 - 5 At a distance.
 - 9 Destroy.
 - 14 Fearful.
 - 16 Cat-like animal.
 - 17 Entrance.
 - 18 Minerals.
 - 19 Difficult.
 - 20 Dress fabric.
 - 22 Contradictory.
 - 22 Beat severely.
 - 23 Silence.
 - 25 Wear.
 - 26 Parts of a calyx.
 - 28 Fragrant.
 - 30 Mode of address.
 - 31 Cloth.
 - 33 Mournful song.
 - 36 Thrust.
 - 38 Fear.
 - 40 Certain.
 - 41 Book for photographs.
 - 43 Manufacturer.
 - 45 Gloomy.
 - 46 Passenger vessel.
 - 47 Having a nose.
 - 49 Position.
 - 51 One who piles for customers.
 - 53 Go away.
 - 54 Pertaining to the throat.
 - 57 Combine.
 - 58 Antecedent.
 - 60 Embroidered border.
 - 60 Hair on horse's neck.
 - 61 Supported.
 - 62 Page.
 - 63 Sanctify.
 - 64 Most good.
 - 65 Depend on.

- Down
- 8 Polo.
 - 10 Climbing plant.
 - 11 Rustle.
 - 12 Debate.
 - 18 Skin.
 - 18 Chance.
 - 19 Joined by stitching.
 - 21 Having roses.
 - 24 Twitch.
 - 26 Sweetheart.
 - 27 Outcast boy.
 - 28 Pointed weapon.
 - 29 Appear.
 - 30 Scrutinize.
 - 32 Provided with weapons.
 - 34 Uncouth.
 - 35 Spiral of wire.
 - 37 Throat.
 - 39 Indicate.
 - 42 Bishop's hat.
 - 44 Dispel.
 - 45 Torpor.
 - 49 Pertaining to punishment.
 - 60 Think.
 - 61 Moves round.
 - 62 Metallic compound.
 - 63 Mute.
 - 64 Blood.
 - 65 Govern.
 - 66 Extra seed covering.
 - 68 Cheat.

Yesterday's Solution.



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FOOT RELIEF

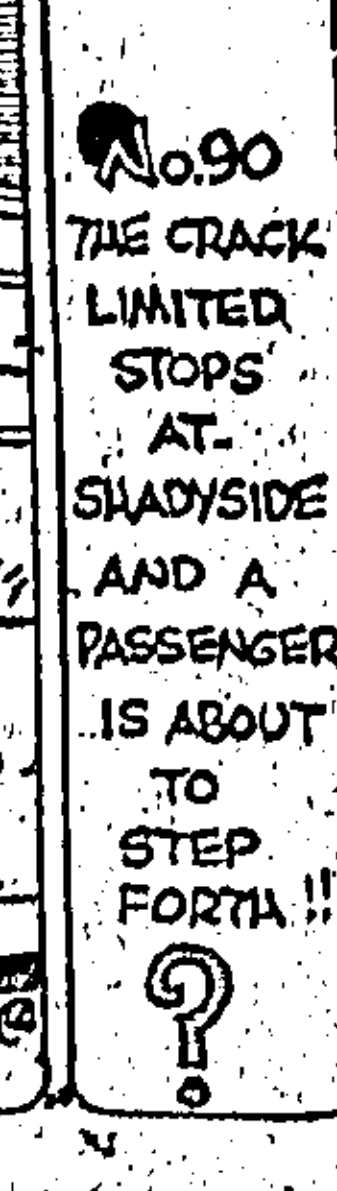
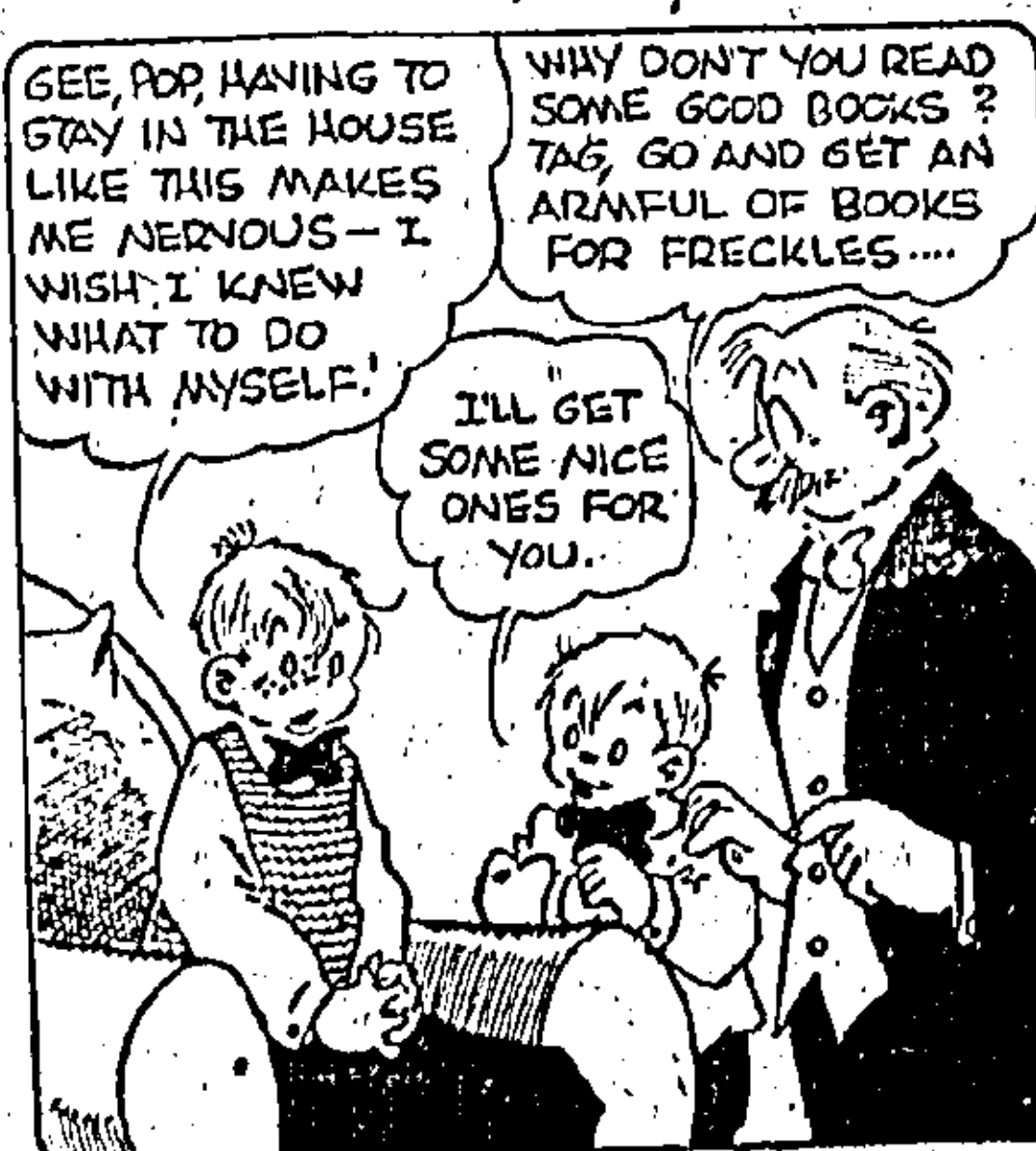
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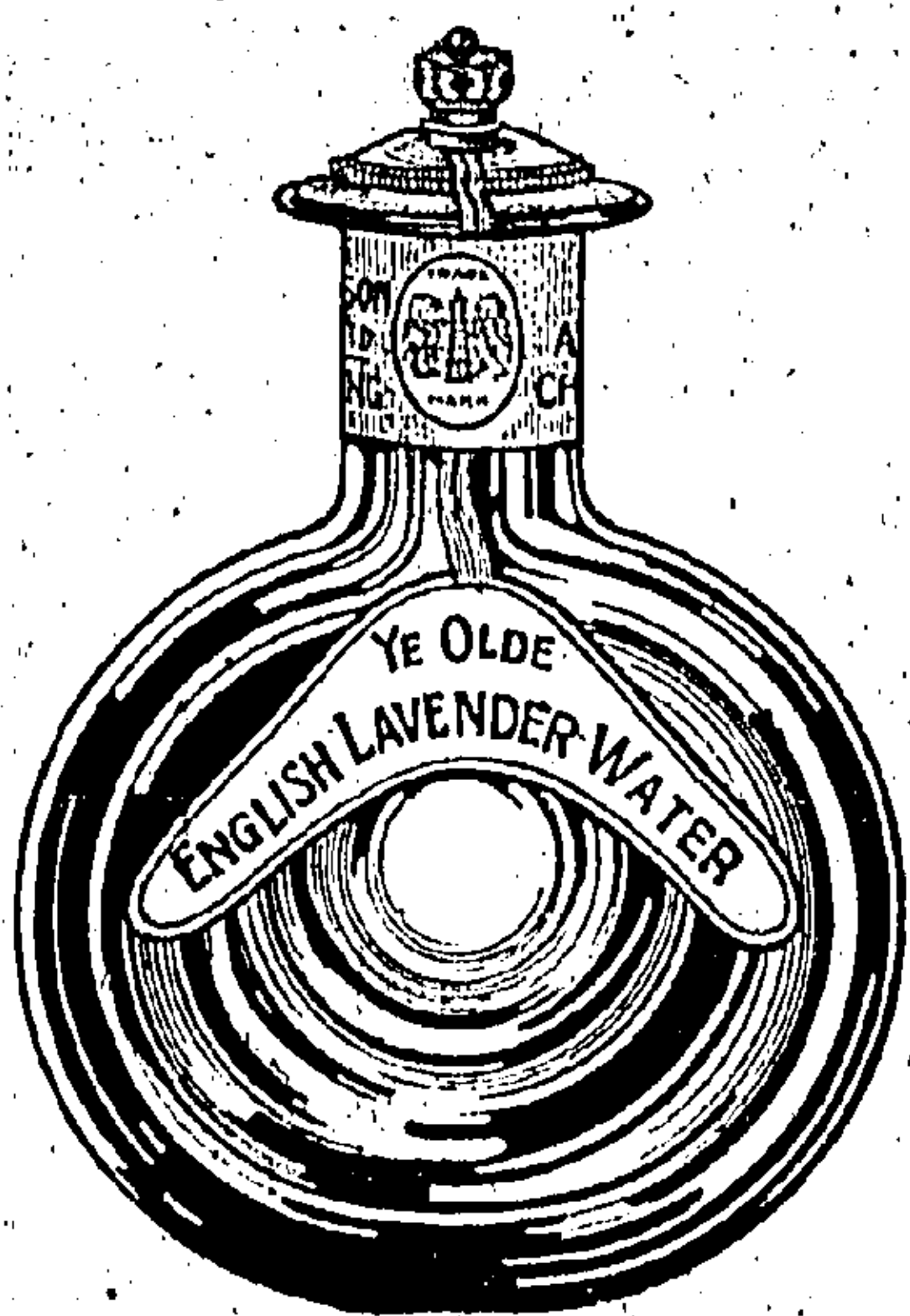
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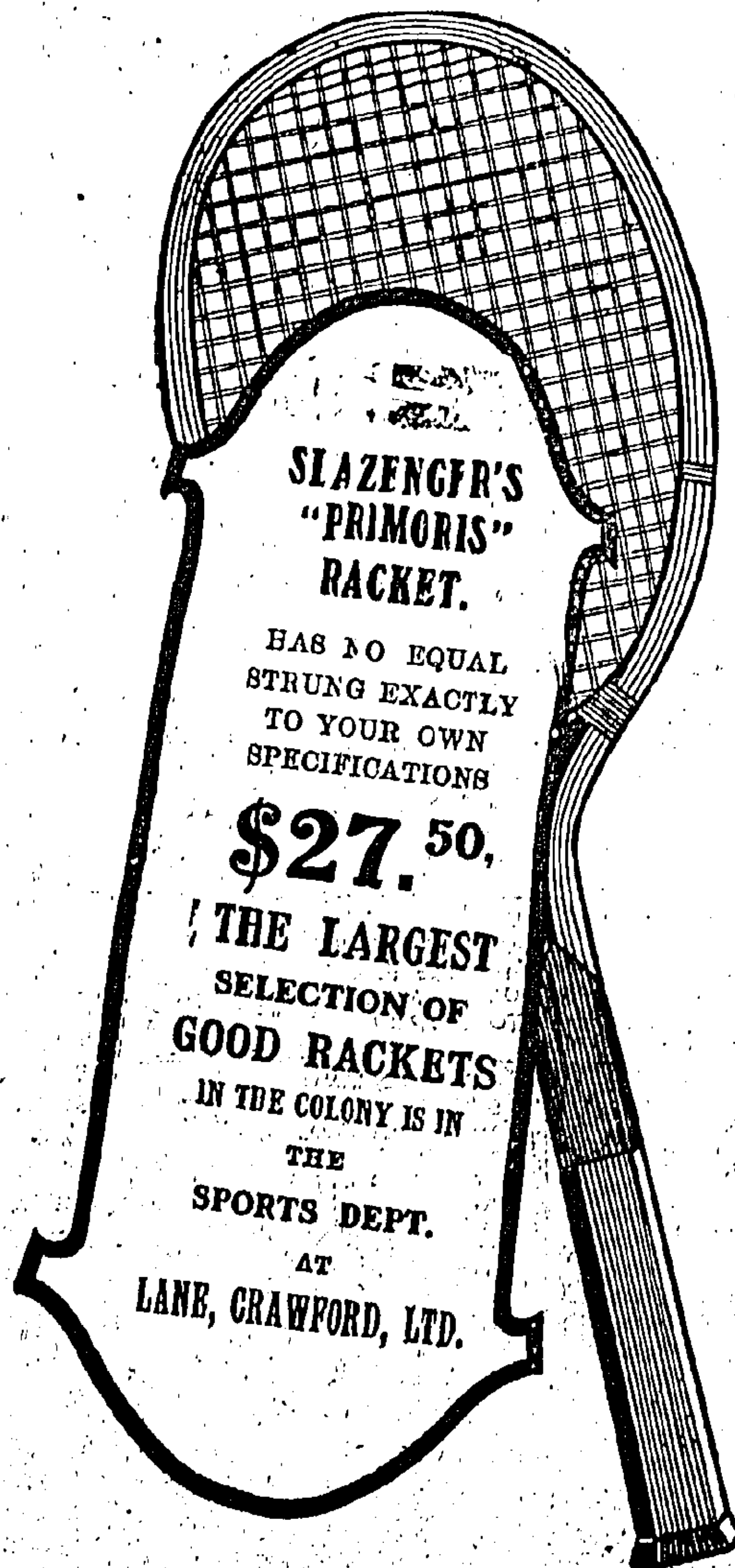
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SOLE AGENTS FOR
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BIRTH.

URQUHART.—On Tuesday, 2nd
July, at the Victoria Hospital,
to Lilian, the wife of A.
Urquhart, a son.

The
Hongkong Telegraph.

WEDNESDAY JULY 3, 1929.

CHINA'S NAVAL DECISION.

For a country with some three
thousand miles of coast-line, China
is woefully served from the naval
point of view. She has a Navy
composed for the greater part of
obsolete vessels, none of any
appreciable size, whilst both in
numbers and in personnel
very much is left to be desired.
All this is natural when we bear
in mind two facts. One is the
troubled history of the country,
with its resultant lack of central
authority for many years; the
other is that the Navy has not
been in reality a national force,
the various units owing allegiance
to individual leaders rather than to
the State. In these circumstances,
it is not surprising that so little
money has been spent on the fleet,
or that, in the absence of unified
control, the Navy should have
steadily deteriorated.

There are, however, hopes that
China will before many
years possess a Navy com-
mensurate with her position as a
maritime country. Under an
agreement which has just been
concluded, Chinese naval cadets
are to be trained in Britain, a
British naval mission is to assist
in the development of the Chinese
Navy, and some of the new vessels
which are to be constructed are
to be laid down in England. The
wisdom of China's decision in this
matter cannot be doubted, for Bri-
tain can point with justifiable pride
to the prowess of her own Navy,
which has, indeed, served as a
model for many countries. In this
connexion, the case of Japan stands
out prominently. China's present
Navy is made up of a miscellaneous
collection of boats which are of no
real value as a means of defence.
They have been gathered from all
parts of the world—Britain, Ger-
many, and Japan, to say nothing of
some of the smaller craft built in
Hongkong shipyards. Their chief
use is coast and river patrol work.
Obviously, the whole force wants
complete reorganisation; indeed,
the present ships will have to give
way to more modern and effective
craft. This is not the first oc-
casion on which the creation of a

new Navy has been urged. In fact,
some quarter of a century ago Sir
Robert Hart recommended to the
Chinese Government the creation
of three squadrons, Northern,
Southern and Central, each
replete with battleships, cruisers,
destroyers and torpedo-boats.
His scheme was, however, pigeon-
holed, like so many other of those
days and since.

In the meantime, great strides
have been made in naval develop-
ment in all parts of the world, and
China will now be in a position to
benefit from the experience of other
nations. Incidentally, aviation has
come to play a big part in naval
activity, and in this respect we have
no doubt that China will keep well
to the fore with seaplanes, for
which there should eventually be no
lack of trained officers. Although
China suffered a heavy reverse in
her war with Japan, it has been
acknowledged on all hands that the
personnel of her Navy acquitted
itself with bravery and tena-
city, in a contest fought against
overwhelming odds. That is not
to be wondered at, for the men of
the maritime provinces are of a
healthy and robust type, with much
knowledge of the sea. We only
need to think of the thousands of
Chinese seamen serving in merchant
ships to realise that in men of this
type China has the nucleus of a fine
naval personnel. Aided by the
skilled and friendly advice of Bri-
tain, it will be possible to build up
a Navy which should be a credit to
the nation. Its functions will
obviously be those of de-
fence, not aggression. Britain
is proud to be entrusted
with the task which has been as-
signed to her under the agreement
just signed, and we have no doubt
that the services she can render will
materially help in linking the two
nations all the closer together in
bonds of amity and friendship.

The China Situation.

It is almost safe to predict that
the political crisis in North China
will come to a head by the end
of the week, though the situation
is no less complex than it was a
fortnight ago. Just at present, it
is impossible to estimate with any
certitude the motives underlying
the different activities—which
must have a definite purpose some-
where concealed—of the three
leaders most vitally concerned,
and still less is it possible to
forecast the outcome. It is ob-
vious, however, that the appar-
ent stalemate cannot continue.
Marshal Yen Hsi-shan holds the
key position, but Marshal Chiang
Kai-shek is moving dexterously,
endeavouring to manoeuvre the
Shansi leader into the position
desired by Nanking. So far he
has not met with great success.
He has been closeted with Yen
Hsi-shan for hours on end with-
out, it is obvious, having arranged
a satisfactory settlement. The
nature of the discussions and their
results have been kept a secret.
It is nevertheless to be taken for
granted that every inducement has
been held out to Yen Hsi-shan to
forego his wish to retire from his
responsibilities and this is the
most remarkable circumstance of
the situation. Marshal Chiang
Kai-shek's disinclination to accept
the clear field which the simul-
taneous retirement of Feng Yu-
hsiang and Yen Hsi-shan would
offer, is difficult to fathom, with-
out being perhaps unduly suspi-
cious. The tone of his reported
appeal to Yen Hsi-shan is, how-
ever, rather significant. He is
said to have gone back from his
previous attitude of benevolence
towards Feng and to have stressed
that the "Christian General's" re-
tirement is a case of Hobson's
Choice. He urges Yen to forget
his promises to Feng Yu-hsiang
and to take over control of the
Kuomintang armies. It is on this
somewhat attractive offer that
Yen Hsi-shan has to make up his
mind, and all future developments
will depend entirely on his deci-
sion. Meanwhile, Feng Yu-
hsiang, round whom all the dis-
cussions centre, remains in the
background, awaiting results.

DAY BY DAY.

NOTHING MAKES PEOPLE SO ANGRY
AS WHEN THEY ARE HOPELESSLY IN
THE WRONG.—G. B. Burgin.

Paymaster Commander H. P.
Hunter, D.S.C., has been appointed
to H.M.S. Castor.

H.M. Ships in port will be
dressed to-morrow on the occasion
of Independence Day.

The P. and O. s.s. Morea, from
Hongkong, arrived Marseilles on
22nd June at 5.30 p.m.

The P. and O. s.s. Morea, from
Hongkong, arrived at London on
the 29th June at 10 a.m.

The Rt. Rev. the Bishop of Vic-
toria and Mrs. Duppy left for
Manila by the Empress of Asia
yesterday.

The rainfall registered at the
Botanic Gardens during June to-
talled 5.31 inches. The heaviest
fall was 1.10 inch on the 24th.

Paymaster-Commander F. J.
Lloyd, R.N., who has been serving
on the H.M.S. Bee, sailed for Home
on the liner Empress of Russia
from Shanghai.

Charged with the embezzlement
of \$3,000, a Chinese who was ar-
rested on the M.M. Forthos yester-
day, was remanded for a week by
Mr. E. W. Hamilton this morning.

The forthcoming marriage of
Mr. James Rapier Sweeney, fore-
man shipbuilder, of Kowloon
Docks, to Miss Janet Bell Paul, of
Dumbreck House, Glasgow, is an-
nounced.

Notice has been filed with the
Registrar of the forthcoming mar-
riage of Mr. Peter Alban Dragon,
teacher at the Wah Yan College
and living at 21 Battery Path, to
Miss Bernice Isthmaline Chenallo,
of 36 Calne Road.

The South China Athletic As-
sociation is holding a dinner at its
Club on Saturday in commemora-
tion of its football team having won
the Shield and its baseball and
basketball teams having won the
championships in their respective
leagues.

The following promotions have
been gazetted from May 24:—
Captain A. G. Hawson, M.C., R.A.,
to be major, and Lieut. G. F. Fleck-
wood, R.A., to be captain. Jemadar
Ghulab, Maharaja Hongkong-Singapo-
re Brigade, R.A., has been granted
retirement on retired pay.

According to a report made by
Wong Tai-wai, the manager, thieves
broke into the Wing Ngai Knitting
Factory at Shantung Street, Mong-
kok, on Monday night and removed
72 dozen pairs of ladies' stockings
and a quantity of silk, the whole
being valued at \$1,345. No arrests
have yet been effected.

The case in which Tse Hung
was charged before the Chief
Justice, at the Criminal Sessions,
with armed robbery at the ser-
vants' quarters of 1, Armad
Buildings, Kowloon, concluded
yesterday afternoon. Prisoner
was found guilty and sentenced to
five years' hard labour and 20
strokes of the "cat."

Divers of the Port Development
Department have salvaged from the
Harbour a part of a sea plane float
which has been deposited at the
workshops of the P.W.D. awaiting
an owner. The float is of
aluminium and while broken badly
at one end is not wrecked. It is
believed to be a part of one of the
navy seaplanes that crashed in the
harbour.

A farmer from Yue Ching
village in the Chinwan District,
New Territories, was the com-
plainant in a case heard by Mr.
E. W. Hamilton at the Central
Magistracy this morning. The
case was one in which a Chinese
was accused by the farmer to have
stolen six iron rods. The defend-
ant was sentenced to 14 days' im-
prisonment.

Fruit was being unloaded from
the junks on to the Praya yester-
day, when tempted by a pile of
luscious water-melons, a coolie
took one, and proceeded to walk
away with it. He had not gone
far when he was seized by a
watchman employed by market
people in consequence of much
giffing. The coolie was fined
\$7 by Mr. Hamilton this morning.

A warrant has been issued for
the arrest of Kwong Shik-yuen,
based on complaints received from
the Yuen Cheong Loon firm, of No.
8, Newmarket Street, and the Yuet
Wah Loon firm, of No. 288, Des
Voeux Road Central. Both of
these firms allege that they have
been swindled of \$1,400 worth of
goods by Kwong, who is further
alleged to have forged false docu-
ments for this purpose.

EUROPEANS IN MOTOR SMASH.

COLLISION ON THE CASTLE PEAK ROAD.

Two European residents, Mr.
F. D. Gourdin, of the Bank Line,
and Captain Riggs, of Holt's
Wharf, escaped being seriously
injured when their cars met in
what appears to have been an
almost head-on collision on Mon-
day evening on the Castle Peak
Road.

Near the 14th milestone, the
road was undergoing repairs, the
surface being turned up, except
for one narrow strip left intact for
the continuance of motor-traffic.

Approaching from opposite
directions, Car No. 2022, driven
by Mr. Gourdin, and a second
car driven by Captain Riggs were
forced into this strip, each un-
aware of the approach of the other
car until too late.

As the result of the collision
that followed, Mr. Gourdin's car
was badly damaged, the engine
being crushed in. Captain Riggs'
car appears to have emerged
from the accident as the more
fortunate of the two, as only
minor damage is reported.

Both drivers were unhurt.
A report of the accident has
been made to the police.

PLUCKY RESCUE IN HARBOUR.

COOK-BOY JUMPS IN AFTER WOMAN.

A plucky rescue was effected
from the Yaumati ferry boat at
6 o'clock last evening after it had
been reported that a woman had
been seen to jump over-board from
the rear part of the craft.

A cook-boy employed on the
launch promptly jumped into the
water, and, locating the woman,
kept her and himself afloat until the
launch had been turned round, when
they were both picked out of the
water.

On the arrival of the ferry at
Yaumati, the woman was handed
over to the police and later removed
to the Kwong Wah Hospital.

MARINE COURT.

LIGHT WHICH COULDN'T BE SEEN.

Before the Hon. Commr. G. F.
Hole, R.N., at the Marine Court
this morning, the steersman of a
small boat was charged with fail-
ing to exhibit the regulation lights
whilst under way in the harbour
at night.

In pleading guilty, defendant
told his Worship that his boat was
only a small one and that he had
a lamp burning on deck.

Remarking that a light was no
use if it could not be seen, his
Worship imposed a fine of \$10.

A case from Aberdeen was also
heard this morning. Charged with
hawking during prohibited hours,
a hawkster admitted the charge and
was ordered to pay \$5.

BRIDGE MADE EASY by W. W. Wentworth.

(Abbreviations: A—ace; K—
king; Q—queen; J—jack; X—
any card lower than 10.)

Dummy's Potential Tricks—1.

Winning cards, potential tricks,
are often submerged in the dum-
my. Precise manipulation—play-
ing with some definite prospect
in view—in such instances pre-
sents to you the possibility of
winning tricks with them. You
may not always succeed in accom-
plishing your object but when you
employ the most probable winning
method your chances improve.

There are many times when the
declarer may win an additional
trick in the dummy by playing the
proper card as in the example
which follows:

Dummy holds—clubs Q 7 6; de-
clarer holds—clubs J 5 4; west
leads the club 8.

Dummy should not cover with
the queen of clubs. Declarer
should play small from the dum-
my, this procedure guaranteeing
one trick in the club suit. If east
covers with the Ace or King of
clubs, declarer's Jack of clubs
forces out the remaining high
card and the Queen of clubs in the
dummy will win a trick.

Obviously, if east fails to play
the Ace or King of clubs on the
first round, the Jack of clubs in
the declarer's hand takes the
trick.

The Very Idea!

The fact that cats have been
alive for hours with their hearts
removed and rubber hearts sub-
stituted is hailed at Montreal as
a great development in medical
science.

It is announced that Dr. O. S.
Gibbs, professor of pharmacology
at Dalhousie University, has ac-
complished this feat by means of
a rubber "heart," electrically
operated.

His associates say that it is the
first time full action has been
maintained throughout the body
artificially for a period of hours.

Professor Gibbs, in a lecture at
the Nova Scotia Institute, said
the operation of installing the
"heart" with a double action pump
took five minutes, the original
purpose being to prolong life,
while the effect of drugs on blood
circulation was being studied.

In a statement a London
hospital doctor said:

"It is a wonderful scientific
achievement, and it may bring
important developments of our
knowledge concerning the heart,
but at present to prolong life for
a few hours only is not a great
benefit to suffering humanity."

"Did you tell her when you pro-
posed that you were unworthy
of her? That always makes a
good impression."

"I was going to—but she told
me first."

Judge Cluer, at Whitechapel
County Court to woman who pro-
duced torn document: Go to the
post office and ask a clerk for
some stamp paper. The young
lady will give it to you provided
she is not particularly irritable
that morning.

Reveller at Old-street: Forty
years yesterday I got married and
I lost my head. Mr. Clarke Hall,
the magistrate: Very well, pay
8s.

I would not object to a decent
fellow giving my wife a lift in
his car—A man at Marlborough-
street.

Woman at Marylebone County
Court: They call me a church
crawler because I'm religious.

At a political meeting in a
country town a large audience
had assembled to support a Par-
liamentary candidate.

During the speech of the can-
didate a man put his head in at
the door, and shouted, in a loud
voice:

"Can anyone here sell me six-
penny-worth of sense?"

The speaker halted, evidently
quite dumbfounded, but the chair-
man of the meeting immediately
silenced the intruder by re-
marking:

"Yes, but you have nothing to
put it in."

(Sir William Arbuthnot Lane
has roused the ire of sculptors by
pointing out the anatomical in-
accuracy of the big toes in modern
statues.)

Sir W. Arbuthnot Lane
Can cure a pain;
Nor is there an atom he
Knows not about anatomy,
Our greatest pedal digit's
length

He knows.
But Art creates—and there's
the rub—
So, when the sculptors he
would snub,
He must be careful—lest he
stub
His toes.

When Ellis Keeling died at
Hardmoney, U.S.A., recently, he
left 226 grand-children, great
and great-grand-children,
Keeling was 83 at the time of his
death. He left a widow and ten
children surviving him.

John, aged four, had been
misbehaving himself badly, and
his mother took him on her knee
and in serious tones talked to
him at length for the good of his
soul.
— He sat very quietly, and his
mother thought he was taking it
all in. When the homily ended,
he nestled closer up to her, and
said, "Mummy, will you now tell
me about the three bears, please?"

WATER LEVELS.

FOR WEST, NORTH AND EAST RIVERS.

The following table, compiled
by the Board of Conservancy
Works of Kwantung, shows the
water levels in English feet on
the West, North and East Rivers
on the dates named:

	July 1	July 2
Shinging	16.2	15.7
Tingyuen	—	—
Samahai	9.6	8.8
Shetlung	6.9	—

STREET FOUNTAIN INCIDENTS.**DETECTIVE ASSAULTED AT KOWLOON.****HONGKONG CASES.**

Five of a crowd of Chinese who were engaged in a fight at a street fountain in Peking Road, were charged before Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith, at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning, with behaving in a disorderly manner. Against the first defendant was also a charge of assaulting a Chinese detective.

The defendants all pleaded guilty to the first count, but the first defendant denied the charge of assaulting the police officer.

Sergeant Ellis said the last three defendants were seen fighting with six others and taken to the Police Station by an Indian constable. Later, the first and second defendants were pointed out by these men to a Chinese detective who was sent to make enquiries.

The detective went to arrest the first defendant, but he resisted and struck the officer. He, together with the second defendant, were subsequently taken into custody.

In evidence, the detective said that when he caught the first defendant by the collar the accused struck him and also seized him by the jacket. The second defendant attempted to free the first defendant and during the struggle the detective was knocked down. He then blew his police whistle and an Indian constable arrived. The men were then taken to the Station.

The Indian constable, speaking of the first incident, said that the last three defendants appeared to have been defending themselves while the first and second together with others seemed to have been the aggressors. He took the defendants to the station because their assailants ran into a shop.

The first defendant, in a statement, denied the charge of assault and said that the detective slipped on the wet ground. He called a witness, who, in reply to the Bench, said that there had been a struggle between the detective and the first defendant.

His Worship registered a conviction and fined the first defendant \$8. The second defendant was fined \$4; while the other three were cautioned, his Worship remarking that they did not seem to have been the aggressors.

Four Women Charged.

"A water case, your Worship," said Inspector Shannon in charging four women before Mr. E. W. Hamilton this morning with committing a breach of the peace. "According to the statement that I have had, they were all fighting together. The second, third and fourth defendants had bamboo."

Mr. Hamilton:—Are you asking to have them bound over?

Inspector Shannon:—I am not pressing for a heavy penalty.

Mr. Hamilton (to the defendants):—You must keep the peace over this water business.

The first woman:—I did not fight. They were—

Mr. Hamilton:—S-s-sh! you will all be bound over in a personal bond of \$50 to keep the peace for six months.

Excuse Disheveled.

In a case brought against a stallholder for wasting water, Inspector Shannon informed Mr. E. W. Hamilton this morning that the defendant was seen to pour four tins of water into a drain after he had filled the receptacles from the fountain at Aberdeen Street. Why should he do it could only be inferred from a quarrel which he had on with a partner of his after bringing back the water.

The defendant said the water had been contaminated by bilge water from an overhead waste pipe. He asked the Court to believe it was a conscientious scruple which had led him to decide not to use the water for boiling congee for customers.

Mr. Hamilton:—I don't believe you. What I believe was the case, was that you simply lost your temper and poured the water into the drain. You are fined \$25, or one month.

DUKE OF GLOUCESTER.**SAILS FOR HOME WITH ARM IN SLING.**

Quebec, July 2. The Duke of Gloucester sailed for England to-day. His arm is still in a sling, but His Royal Highness is rapidly recovering.—*Reuter.*

"RED" AGITATORS SENTENCED.**PAINTED SLOGANS ON NAVAL YARD WALL.****CAUGHT AFTER DARK.**

The case against two Chinese who were arrested last week in the act of painting Communist slogans on the wall of the Naval Yard, was heard before Mr. E. W. Hamilton this morning.

The prisoners, who were charged with damaging the wall and with putting up a notice without the permission of the S.C.A., were represented by Mr. F. X. d'Almada, Jnr., and by Mr. A. E. Hall respectively.

Giving evidence, a Chinese detective said that at 10 o'clock on the night of June 22, he was passing the Naval Yard when his attention was drawn to two men who were doing something to the wall. As he approached, he saw one of the men painting characters on the wall, his companion assisting by holding a pot of paint.

Photographs of the actual inscription as well as its corresponding translation were put in as evidence. The slogans urged the continuance of the Hongkong-Canton strike, gave a reminder of the Shakes affair, and asked for support for the "tong" form of government for China, whatever that might mean.

Mr. Hall asked for leniency for his client, in consideration of the fact that he had been in custody for more than a week.

Mr. d'Almada said his client was illiterate, and was holding the pot of paint just to oblige his companion.

Detective Sergeant O'Donovan asked the Court to take a very serious view of the case.

Mr. Hamilton said the charge of damaging the wall was rather stretching the Section under which the men were charged, and substituted an amended charge under Section 6, as being more applicable.

Both men were convicted. On the charge of putting up a notice without the permission of the S.C.A., the first man was sentenced to two months' hard labour. On the other amended charge, he was fined \$25, with the alternative of undergoing a further month's imprisonment.

In the case of the second defendant, whose offence was regarded as being less serious, in that he was only assisting the other man, his Worship inflicted sentence of one month's hard labour. On the other amended charge, his Worship further inflicted a fine of \$19, with the alternative of 14 days. In this case also, both sentences were made consecutive.

It was stated that one of the defendants was Dr. R. A. Basto's office boy; while the other man was formerly a bar-boy at the Savoy Hotel.

LOCAL TENNIS.**TWO MATCHES IN THE HONG DOUBLES.**

Further progress was made in the Hong Doubles lawn tennis tournament organized by the Hongkong Cricket Club, yesterday, two matches being played.

G. W. Sewell and C. C. Stark beat the Jardine's pair, A. Piercy and N. L. H. Ralton, 6-4, 5-7, 6-4.

W. L. Dunbar and A. Hay Edie (Mackinnon Mackenzie) beat the Hon. Mr. T. H. King and C. G. Ferdeus (Police), 6-4, 1-6, 7-5.

Mixed Doubles Match.

The following will represent the University in the Mixed Doubles Match against the Kowloon Bowling Green Club to-day at 4.45 p.m. at Pokfulam.—Prof. and Mrs. R. E. Tottenham, Mr. G. de Souza and Miss G. Ho Tung, Mr. T. W. Cheng and Miss R. Kwok.

THE RUM-RUNNING PROBLEM.**NO FENCE ON CANADIAN BORDER.**

Washington, July 2. Mr. Mellon has emphatically denied the report that the Treasury is contemplating the erection of an anti-rum-running barbed wire fence along the Canadian border.—*Reuter's American Service.*

THE "SOUTHERN CROSS" FLIGHT.**AVIATORS SUCCEED IN REACHING INDIA.**

Calcutta, July 2. The "Southern Cross," which arrived at Rangoon on Saturday on its flight from Australia to England, has now arrived at the Dum Dum Aerodrome.—*Reuter.*

LABOUR PROPOSALS.

(Continued from Page 1.)

as relaying speeches by radio to twenty or thirty constituencies, made for democratic security. There was also the question of the representative result of the recent election; some favoured a Second Ballot, while others favoured Proportional Representation.

The terms of reference for the proposed inquiry, therefore, would be wide and comprehensive.

The Indian Problem.

The Premier said that the King's Speech did not mention India, because the exploration of its problems was still proceeding. He regretted that influential opinion in India had not been favourable to the Simon Commission, and he made an appeal to that opinion to reconsider the situation and so help to give a happy and beneficial solution to a very difficult problem.

Concluding his speech, Mr. MacDonald said the Government recognised that it was in a minority; if the other sections of the House combined to defeat it, therefore the Government's work would be done largely in a spirit of consultation and not of rivalry.

Conservative Attitude.

Mr. Stanley Baldwin, who later participated in the debate, outlined the Conservative attitude towards the Government. He said they would not offer any factions

WASTE IS CRIMINAL.

To waste anything at any time is unjustifiable. To waste water now is criminal.

GLASS FROM EMPTY HOUSE.

Charges of removing 28 panes of glass from an unoccupied house at No. 98, Yu Chau Street, Shamshui, were brought against two Chinese before Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith, at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning. The first defendant was also charged with returning from banishment.

It was stated that the house was vacant and the doors had been left open. The defendants were found inside removing the glass from the doors and windows.

The first defendant was sentenced to three months' hard labour for removing the glass with intent to steal, while the second defendant who had a previous conviction, was sentenced to two months.

On the charge of returning from banishment, the first defendant was given a further nine months' hard labour and 15 strokes of the birch.

Pensions & Trade Disputes.

The House of Commons again assembled in the afternoon, when the Minister of Health (Mr. Arthur Greenwood) gave notice of the introduction of a Bill to amend the law relating to Widows' and Orphans' Pensions.

The Attorney General (Sir William Joivitt), amid Labourite cheers, also gave notice of the introduction of a Bill to amend the Trades Disputes Act.

The Prince of Wales and the Duke of York led the line of Peers who signed the roll in the House of Lords.

Lord Russell moved and Lord De La Warr seconded the Address in Reply to the King's Speech, in which Lord Salisbury said there was very little with which the Conservatives could not cordially agree.—*Reuter.*

HAKKA SQUATTERS IN COURT.**CONTINUED DEFIANCE OF THE AUTHORITIES.****FINED AND WARNED.**

Squatters trespassing on Crown land at Wongneichong, in the Happy Valley district, have again come under the notice of the authorities.

On a piece of ground, hard by the old Tytan Road going up to the Gap, a small Hakka community had become established, rearing pigs with all the attendant filth, when P.W.D. officials, following complaints from the Sanitary Department yesterday made one of those raids which have by now become periodic in that vicinity.

A number of matcheds and hovels were dismantled, not without opposition from the squatters, and the matter was brought to Court before Mr. E. W. Hamilton this morning, when eight Hakka men and women were charged with trespassing on Crown land.

Prosecuting Mr. W. E. Hollands said that for the last three years they had been pulling down these huts, and as often as this had been done, the squatters would come back and put the sheds up again. As recently as the 16th of last month, similar action was taken by the P.W.D. but two days afterwards, the matcheds were up again. It was now found necessary to bring the offenders into Court.

The defendants were fined \$10 each, or 14 days, and were also warned.

RETURNED BANISHEE AGAIN SENTENCED.

Charges of removing 28 panes of glass from an unoccupied house at No. 98, Yu Chau Street, Shamshui, were brought against two Chinese before Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith, at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning. The first defendant was also charged with returning from banishment.

It was stated that the house was vacant and the doors had been left open. The defendants were found inside removing the glass from the doors and windows.

The first defendant was sentenced to three months' hard labour for removing the glass with intent to steal, while the second defendant who had a previous conviction, was sentenced to two months.

On the charge of returning from banishment, the first defendant was given a further nine months' hard labour and 15 strokes of the birch.

WARSHIPS IN PORT.

The following warships are now in port:

Basin.—H.M.S. Tamar and Submarines L.15 and L.19.

North Arm.—H.M.S. Bridge-water.

West Wall Dock.—H.M.S. Castor.

In Dock.—H.M. Ships Thracian, Sepoy and Moorhen.

Foreign.—French gunboats Vigilante and Alerie, U.S. gunboat Guam.

KWANGSI WANTS MONEY.**GENERAL YU CONFERS WITH CANTON LEADERS.****NO DECISION REACHED.**

Canton, July 2. General Yu Chok-pak, Chairman of the Kwangsi Provincial Government Council, who arrived at Canton recently, is reported to have been consulting with General Chan Ming-shu and General Chien Chai-tong on the question of securing financial assistance for Kwangsi.

It is understood that General Yu has submitted a report of the financial situation of the Kwangsi Government in which he states that the total annual revenue of the province is only a few million dollars, which is insufficient to cover the expenses. In order to make good the deficiency, the Kwangsi Government is forced to apply for more money from the Central Government as well as for reasonable assistance from Canton.

It will be recalled that some time ago, when the pro-Nanking armies were entering Kwangsi, the Canton Government promised to give Kwangsi reasonable financial help as soon as they completely cleared up the Kwangsi remnants under General Wang Shao-hung.

The situation in Kwangsi being now settled, General Yu has approached the Canton authorities to ascertain their views. It is learned that General Yu asked for a monthly contribution of \$600,000 from Canton.

It is understood that although negotiations have been going on for the past few days, no definite result has so far been reached.

The Canton Government points out that owing to the recent expeditions against the Kwangsi Clique the Government Treasury has suffered a great deal of military expense. Moreover, a large sum of money has been voted for the rehabilitation of Kwangtung Province.

From official circles it is learned that General Yu has wired to Nanking advising of the negotiations. Meanwhile, General Yu will return to Kwangsi in a few days.—*Nam Chung Po.*

TRADE MARK CASE.**SIX THOUSAND SINGLETS HANDED OVER.**

An application for the delivery to the complainants of 6,000 singlets which were seized by the police, was made by Mr. E. S. C. Brooks, before Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning.

The application was the result of a raid carried out by the police at No. 1,014, Canton Road recently when a large quantity of singlets bearing the infringed trade mark of the Tung Hing Knitting Factory were seized. The principal tenant of the floor was summoned before the Kowloon Magistrate, but was acquitted because of the prosecution's belief that the singlets belonged to two sub-tenants who had disappeared.

Mr. Brooks, this morning, produced copies of two local Chinese newspapers in which an advertisement had been inserted drawing attention to the fact that unless claims were forwarded to the Kowloon Magistracy, the singlets would be confiscated and delivered to the complainant for disposal.

There having been no claims, his Worship made an order for the delivery of the singlets to the complainants.

KENT'S COMMANDER.**CAPTAIN B. H. RAMSEY APPOINTED.**

Captain Bertram H. Ramsey, M.V.O., is appointed to the Kent from July 27, and as Flag Captain and Chief-of-Staff to Vice-Admiral Sir Arthur K. Wintell, K.C.B., the Commander-in-Chief in China, from the date of joining.

Last month Captain Arthur L. Snagge, who has just been relieved from the Cumberland on this station, was temporarily appointed to the Kent as Flag Lieutenant in place of Captain James Wolfe-Murray, D.S.O., who had held the position since January, 1928.

Captain Ramsey was Flag Commander to Earl Jellicoe in the New Zealand in his colonial tour in 1919, and was promoted in June, 1923. He has since commanded the light cruiser Danne, in the Mediterranean, and completed two years on the staff of the R.N. War College, Greenwich, on July 23.

Gibraltar, July 2.

H.M.S. Eagle has arrived, escorted by a Spanish seaplane. She was loudly cheered by an enormous crowd, the streets being belaguered.—*Reuter.*

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MENTAL TESTS ON PRISONER.

(Continued from Page 1.)

impulses, obsessions and morbid delusions.

Test Question.

An interpreter who was present when Dr. Cannon examined the prisoner said from a paper he had in his hand he read out the following to the prisoner:—"An unfortunate man fell off his bicycle and was killed instantly. He was taken to a hospital and they fear he will not recover." He then asked the prisoner if there was anything wrong with the sentence. Witness could not remember what prisoner said and did not write it down. He repeated what prisoner said to Dr. Cannon, in English, who wrote something down.

Witness put the same question to another prisoner who was present.

His Lordship said it was of little value to compare the standard of one man with another as regards answers to questions.

The foreman of the jury said the jury wished to hear the second prisoner's answer to the question.

The Other Question.

Witness went on to say that he translated the following sentence to prisoner:—"There was a piracy yesterday but it was not a bad one. Only 48 people were killed."

He then asked prisoner whether he agreed that it was not a bad one, prisoner replying that it was not a serious case. The other prisoner said it was a serious case.

Cross-examined by Mr. Fitzroy, witness said that at first, he did not think much about the questions but later thought they were extraordinary.

Nonsensical.

Mr. Fitzroy:—Did the first question strike you as a sensible one?—No. It was nonsensical.

In reply to further questions, witness said that the second prisoner, when the sentence was read over to him, asked how the man could recover if he was dead.

Mr. Fitzroy:—Didn't the prisoner seem rather astounded when you asked the first question?—I did not notice that he was surprised.

Did he look as if he wondered what an earth you were talking about?—I did not take much notice.

You merely read it out and waited for the answer?—Yes. The trial is proceeding.

KAU SING CRITICISM.

(Continued from Page 1.)

Diesel v. Steam Power.

Attached comments show in detail the technical reasons why steam engines are more suitable for tugs than Diesel motor engines.

The question of the length of time taken to raise steam does not really enter into the case because the "Kau Sing," having been specially built for rescue work in typhoons, was designed on the assumption that there would be ample time for raising steam after the typhoon warning is received.

It should be emphasised that she was not designed for any purpose for which quick steam-raising is required, and this is borne out by the terms of reference to the Chamber of Commerce Special Committee, as set out in a letter from the Government to the Chamber of Commerce, dated 26th Sept., 1926, in which the object of the proposed tug was stated to be "rescue work in the harbour during typhoon weather."

Further criticisms of the "Kau Sing" were heard after the "Hsin Wah" went ashore and sank off Waglan on 16th January, 1929, because the tug was not under steam and was unable to raise steam in time to go to the immediate assistance of the ship. As has been pointed out above, the "Kau Sing" was not designed for this kind of work; had the Government desired to use her for this purpose, she could have been made available by being kept under constant steam, ready to operate at a moment's notice.

The Committee trusts that this letter and attachment will serve to warn the public and the Authorities against lightly deciding that the "Kau Sing" is unsuitable for the purpose for which she was built. She has already, in the words of the Harbour Master after the typhoon of 27th September, 1926, "justified her existence," and there is every reason to suppose that in experienced hands she will prove satisfactory for the service for which she was designed.

Accompanying Mr. Key's letter is a lengthy summary of the records of the Chamber with regard to the "Kau Sing" in which the whole question is thoroughly explored, but which we are unable to publish owing to the late hour at which it was received.

NAVIES OF THE LEVANT.

ITALY TO DEVELOP TURKEY'S FLEET.

Attention has been called to the modernisation of the Italian Fleet by the statement of the Minister of Marine that by 1932 the Navy would consist of completely modern ships.

By that date Italy will possess six 10,000-ton Washington cruisers and eight Scout cruisers of 5,200 tons, besides a number of new destroyers and submarines. At present there are two 10,000-ton cruisers, the Trento and Trieste, in commission, and two are building, so that if the Fleet is to consist of six in 1932, two more will have to be laid down this year.

Three cruisers are mentioned as being held in reserve. These are the San Giorgio, San Marco, and the Pisa, all ships of just over 10,000 tons, but now over twenty years old.

The Italian proposals in large cruisers are not an increase in total numbers of that class, but a complete modernisation of the cruiser fleet. As regards the Scout cruisers, the same thing is being done. Four of these fast and powerful ships of 5,200 tons are being built, and four more are evidently contemplated to replace the somewhat nondescript nine ships of this class now in the fleet, five of which are ex-enemy vessels that will be obsolete by 1932.

The proposals as to destroyers and submarines are the same, and

WASTE IS CRIMINAL.

To waste anything at any time is unjustifiable. To waste water now is criminal.

amount to a rounding off of the already published programme by laying down new vessels to replace obsolete ones.

Italy, like France, shows no disposition to build anything larger than 10,000 tons, but she intends to have a squadron of very fast ships of the most modern type and a strong Naval air arm to safeguard her African colonies and look after her interests in the Dodecanese.

Turkish and Greek Plans.

At the same time she is keeping a watchful eye upon the Eastern Mediterranean and an Italian Mission is about to take over the supervision of the rejuvenation of the Turkish Fleet, which is at present in a state of inefficiency.

The only large ship, the much damaged ex-German battle cruiser Goeben, now the Sultan Selim, is approaching the end of a long and expensive re-fit, and there are two small modern submarines, which the Turks have had some difficulty in manning. But the appointment of the Italian Mission, coupled with rumours of a projected increase in Turkish naval power, is causing some uneasiness in Greece.

The Greek Navy, which for the past few years has been in the process of modernisation under the guidance of the British Naval Mission, is small and consists of old ships, many of which have been recently reconstructed at considerable expense.

The two ex-American battleships Kilkis and Lemnos are now obsolete and are to be sold. They have been somewhat of an incubus to the Greek Navy, as they absorbed a large proportion of the personnel but they have been retained as a counter to the Sultan Selim.

It is now reported that the Greek Government have completed the negotiations as to the taking over of the incomplete battle cruiser Salamis. This ship was launched at Setlin in 1914, but the guns and turrets were built in the United States and could not be delivered to Germany after the outbreak of the war. They were purchased by Great Britain and used in monitors.

An Expensive Luxury.

The Salamis has been awaiting completion for over fifteen years; she is practically a contemporary of the Sultan Selim in design and she will cost much money to bring up to date during completion. Greece would probably be wiser to cut her losses over this ship, which is likely to prove an expensive luxury, and to turn her attention to small ships, which would suit her purpose better.

The large cruiser Giorgos Averoff has recently been reconstructed, as have four of her most modern destroyers.

Greece possesses six modern submarines with an efficient personnel, and there is now some talk of placing orders, it is to be hoped in England, for new destroyers to replace those that are now over twenty years old.

Dr. Elizabeth M. Miller, of Huddersfield, has been appointed deputy-assistant medical officer for Plymouth at a salary of £500.

CORRESPONDENCE.

PERMANENT PROVISION.

(To The Editor of Hongkong Telegraph.)

Sir,—As the Legislative Council has adjourned *sine die* , I am writing to the Press.

One of the outstanding financial factors relating to our water problem is the extreme costliness of stop-gap methods which provide purely temporary as contrasted with permanent relief.

Bearing the above point in view, the Government statement with regard to "permanent measures" to be "taken to increase the supply" announced by the Honourable Director of Public Works in Council on the 20th ultimo cannot be regarded as "satisfactory" in the following respects, namely:—

1. Paragraph 3 of such permanent measures reads thus:—

"The Dragon's Back and Mount Pottinger Catchwaters have been investigated and preliminary drawings prepared. The minimum yield from areas intercepted by these Catchwaters is estimated at 1½ million gallons a day. Construction work can be commenced next year if sufficient staff is available."

This statement does not seem satisfactory. Surely complete drawings should be prepared and construction be commenced this year, if possible.

If the Government has not got sufficient staff of its own, then the services of an outside engineer in some architects' firm should be employed, as was done some 30 years ago, when, for the construction of the big reservoir at Kowloon, the services of Mr. Lawrence Gibbs (then in the firm of Denison, Ram & Gibbs) were retained for such construction.

Also in connexion with the subject of the making of Catchwaters to drain into Tylam Tuck Reservoir, one would like to know why the additional catchwaters to drain into that Reservoir, namely, Mount Parker and Tylam Tuck East, which were recommended by Mr. Henderson in his Report of the 20th February, 1928, (see the third paragraph on page 10 of Sessional Paper No. 4 of 1928), are not to be proceeded with now. Surely here again, if shortage of staff is the difficulty, the services of a non-Government Engineer could and should be retained.

2. Then we come to paragraph 6 of the Government's "permanent measures," which reads as follows:—

"Investigation of the further sections of the Shing Mun Valley Scheme is proceeding. The Gorge Dam at Pineapple Pass appears to be feasible and preliminary investigations of Gin Drinkers Bay, where there is a very large basin capable of impounding fully 2,000 million gallons, have turned out well. Considerable preliminary work is, however, necessary before works of this magnitude can be commenced."

Surely it is most important to accelerate these preliminary investigations and preliminary work by employing, if necessary, Engineers outside of the Government Service, more especially as, if I correctly understand Mr. Henderson's remarks in his said Report, the other proposals both in Hongkong and Kowloon when completed would bring the total supply of the Colony only up to 16½ millions a day, i.e. only up to our estimated requirements in 1932.

In quoting from Mr. Henderson's remarks, I have interpolated the word "only" in two places, for the purpose of emphasising my point, namely, that we must speed up our "permanent measures," in order to prevent being caught napping again in a few years' time.

3. In his said Report Mr. Henderson also says:—

"To cope with the increased consumption a consistent annual programme of mainlaying and distribution improvement is necessary both on the Island and the Mainland. Balance Tanks at North Point and Kowloon City are becoming urgent necessities."

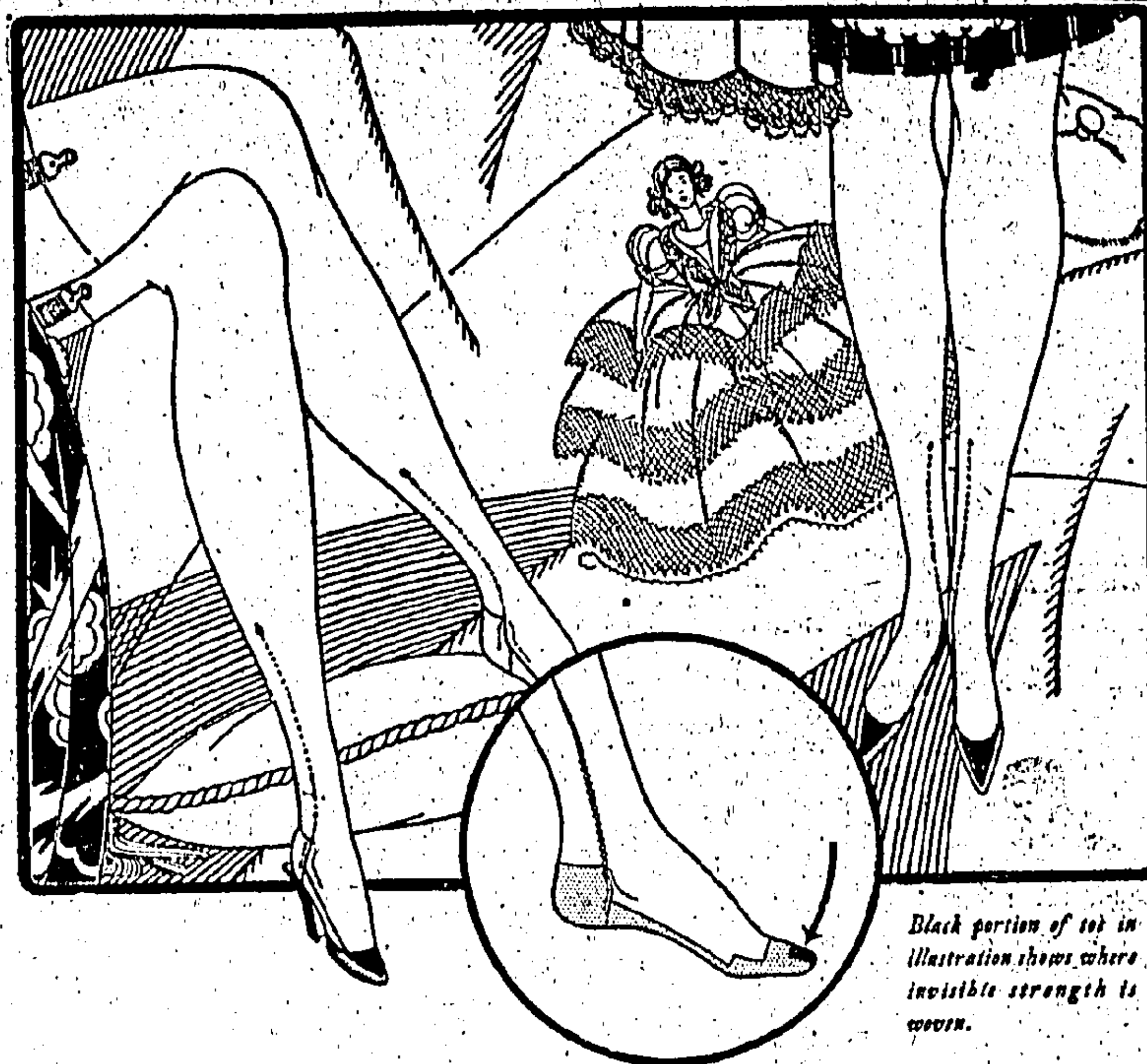
These points are not dealt with in the Government's above statement, and probably the Public would like to be supplied with answers to the following questions:—

Has such a consistent annual programme of mainlaying and distribution improvement been drawn up, and is it being carried out? Are balance tanks at North Point and Kowloon City being put in hand?

In conclusion, it may be confidently stated that the Government can fully reckon upon the hearty support of all sections of the community in putting our water-supply and its distribution upon a satisfactory permanent basis, in order to meet our full requirements, without any restrictions as to supply even in dry seasons, for the next 25 years.—Yours, etc.

H. E. FOLLOK.

H.M.S. Cleopatra, Captain L. H. B. Bevan, is shortly to make another troping voyage to the Far East, taking out, in company with the Concord, and the Carysfort, new crews for the Eighth Destroyer Flotilla.



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MANY NEW BABIES AT THE ZOO.

"MRS. BEAVER" AND HER YOUNGSTER.

The number of young things born at the Zoo is still on the increase. In the cattle sheds two more reindeer and an American bison have arrived; on the Mappin Terraces a Barbary sheep and two ibex have been born, while in the park paddocks, the prejalaski, or Mongolian wild mare, has foaled.

More interesting and unusual than all these is the birth of a beaver and the successful hatching of two black kites. Beavers have not been bred in the Zoo since 1916, and so

far as is known, this is the first time that kites have ever reared their young in captivity.

Mrs. Beaver and her solitary youngster are to be seen in the otter pond, which was temporarily empty owing to the death of both the others which have inhabited it for some years. She was removed from the beaver pond a week or so ago on account of a disagreement with another female beaver, who shared the enclosure.

In captivity beavers, in common with many other rodents, are inclined to suffer from an overgrowth of the incisor-teeth, and these have to be filed from time to time; otherwise they grow very long and the animal is unable to take its food properly.

In one of the outdoor aviaries the bird-house, within two of the wire front of the cage, a plover from South Africa, had been sitting on three eggs for on 20 days. So long as the plover moved and do not pay much attention to her she remains quite calm, but the instant that anyone takes notice of her or stares at her she begins to flutter her wings and scream in an aggressive manner. In another of these aviaries a pair of superb glossy starlings are feeding a nest of newly-hatched young, which will soon be ready to leave the nest.

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MUI TSAT CASE.

FIRST BROUGHT UNDER 1923 ORDINANCE.

What is believed to be the first case brought under the Female Domestic Service (Mui Tsai) Ordinance which was passed in 1923, was mentioned before Mr. E. W. Hamilton at the Central Magistracy yesterday afternoon when an elderly Chinese woman was charged with taking into her employment a mui tsai and with ill-treating the girl.

The woman's daughter-in-law was also brought before his Worship on a charge of assaulting the girl.

Mr. H. R. Butters, of the Secretariat for Chinese Affairs, conducted the case for the prosecution, the defendants being unrepresented.

In briefly reviewing the case, Mr. Butters said that on June 23, last, a district watchman saw a crowd of people surrounding a small girl in Wyndham Street near a fountain. She was crying and complained that she had been ill-treated. The watchman took her to the Police Station and steps were later taken by the S.C.A. The two defendants were subsequently arrested on warrants.

Medical Evidence.

The girl was taken to the Government Civil Hospital for examination and it was found that she was suffering from multiple injuries. The house of the defendants was searched and two documents relating to the sale of the girl were discovered.

Dr. Pau Tso-zung, of the Government Civil Hospital, was called and he stated that the girl was suffering from a bruise over her left arm, one over her left forearm and one over her left eye brow. There was also an abrasion above the left knee and another on the left leg. The injuries were all of recent origin and of a superficial nature. They appeared to have been caused by a blunt instrument.

In reply to his Worship witness said that he was not married.

His Worship intimated to Mr. Butters that in future it would be advisable if girls in such cases were examined by a doctor who had children of his own. His Worship pointed out that he wished to ascertain from the witness if, in his opinion, the marks on the girl suggested that more violence had been used in inflicting them than would have been used in meting out reasonable chastisement to a child.

The question as to whether the girl had been used, referring to the position of the different abrasions, witness said that the abrasion over the eye was decidedly not in a position where a child should be struck.

Girl's Story.

The girl herself was the next witness called. She said that she had been brought down to Hongkong from Hongshan by a traveling trader and sold in the Colony, although the price money had been paid in the country. The first defendant was her purchaser.

Continuing, the girl said that on June 23 she went to a nullah to draw water at 1 p.m. and returned with two buckets full at 3 p.m. She was accused by the second defendant of being a long time and was then struck by her with a piece of fire-wood. She had been previously struck by the daughter-in-law for the same reason.

In reply to his Worship witness said that the first defendant regarded her as a mui tsai.

When asked how she knew that, witness said that she had been

AMERICAN TARIFFS.

REPUBLICANS ASSURE PRESIDENT OF MODIFICATION.

New York, July 2.

A message from Washington states that Republican leaders have assured Mr. Hoover that the tariff law will be scientifically revised by the Senate Finance Committee, and heavy duty on necessities in the Bill will be reduced, so the Republicans need not fear another political revolution, as followed the Payne-Aldrich Act.

Another source understands that Mr. Hoover is impressing the finance committee men and others with the necessity for great care in changing the tariff schedule, lest American foreign trade be injured. Mr. Hoover drawing special attention to Canadian trade.—*Reuter's American Service.*

given to understand in the country that she was to serve as a mui tsai.

Treated Kindly.

When asked if she had any questions to put to the witness, the first defendant said that she had always been kind to the girl and allowed her to occupy the same bed.

The witness admitted that she slept with the first defendant, and in reply to his Worship said that she had never struck her.

The district watchman gave evidence of finding the girl in Wyndham Street, while Sub-Inspector Carey testified to arresting both defendants on warrants in Wellington Street two days after the alleged assault. The European officer also carried out a search of the defendants' residence and found two documents relating to the girl.

A translator of the S.C.A. said that one of the documents referred to the sale of the girl by her parents to a certain party, while the second related to her sale to the first defendant's husband three weeks later. In both instances it was stated that the girl was sold as an adopted daughter.

In reply to his Worship witness said that the phrase used was *young mui* which also referred to a mui tsai.

The Defence.

Making a statement the first defendant said that she bought the complainant as an adopted daughter. She herself worked at the Hongkong Hotel.

His Worship. What about the ill-treatment?

The defendant replied that the bruises on the girl had been made by her daughter-in-law.

His Worship pointed out to her that she was responsible, to which the defendant replied that she commenced work every morning at 8 a.m. and finished at 5 p.m.

Answering further questions the defendant admitted that she had hit the girl sometimes when she had been naughty. She had paid \$175 for her as an adopted daughter and had treated her as she would her own daughter.

His Worship asked the defendant if there was any distinction between an adopted daughter and a mui tsai. The defendant said that the girl always had her meals with the family.

His Worship intimated to Mr. Butters that he thought the only difference between an adopted daughter and a mui tsai was the question of treatment.

Both Convicted.

The second defendant said that the girl went out to draw water without her consent.

His Worship: I suppose you

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Damaged packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the consignees, and the Company's Surveyor Messrs. Goddard and Douglas at 10.00 a.m. on Monday, the 8th July, 1929.

No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns. No fire insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever.

L. LESDOS, Agent.

Hongkong, 2nd July, 1929.

THE "WHEEL" CASES.

ANOTHER CONVICTION OF A BRITISH DEFENDANT.

Shanghai, July 2.

The Magistrate, Mr. A. J. Martin, in the British Police Court, pronounced his fifteenth conviction in the roulette cases, on Mr. Phillips, requiring a recognizance bond of \$200, enjoining the defendant to refrain from future visits to gambling houses, following the precedent set by the other cases.

Two of the four cases against Mexicans came up in the Provisional Court, bail again being refused Senor Carlos Garcia, the alleged owner and manager of the Bubbling Well Road establishment, and bail of \$20,000 being fixed in the case of Senor Dol Valle, which he was unable to produce.

The hearing of these cases is to be resumed on Thursday afternoon.

The cases of Senors Fournier and Santos, involving the establishment at No. 8, Yates Road, is coming up following the conclusion of the present hearing.—*Our Own Correspondent.*

think she went out to enjoy herself by carrying water?

The defendant replied that the girl invariably went out without permission.

His Worship recalled the girl, who said that when the first defendant was in the house she (witness) was always treated well. The daughter-in-law, however, hated her.

His Worship convicted the first defendant on the first charge but said that he was not satisfied she was guilty of the second. The second defendant was convicted of assault.

His Worship (to Mr. Butters): It is a difficult case and I am going to postpone sentence. It is the first case that has been brought under the Mui Tsai Ordinance isn't it?

Mr. Butters: As far as I am aware.

Sentence will be given on Friday afternoon.

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"ALIPORE"	5,273	19th July.	Straits, Colombo & B'bay
"KHIVA"	9,135	20th July.	M'les & London
"KHYBER"	9,114	3rd Aug.	Marseilles, L'don & Hull
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SIRDHANA	7,745	29th July.	S'pore, Penang & Calcutta
TALAMBA	8,018	1st Aug.	S'pore, Penang & Calcutta

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ARAFURA	6,000	9th July.	Moji, Kobe, Osaka & Yoko
TALAMBA	8,018	10th July.	Amoy, Moji, Kobe & Osaka
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TO OSAKA via AMOI, MOJI & KOBE	Kuteang Namsang Yunsang	Fri. 12th July at 7 a.m. Thurs. 18th July at 10 a.m. Sun. 28th July at 7 a.m.
TO SINGAPORE PENANG & CALCUTTA	Kunsang Hosang	Thurs. 11th July at 3 p.m. Satur. 20th July at 3 p.m.
TO SANDAKAN	Mausang Hingsang	Wed. 10th July at 3 p.m. Sun. 21st July at 10 a.m.
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TO SHANGHAI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA & VLADIVOSTOCK.

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Motor Vessel "GLENAPP"	...	2nd Aug.
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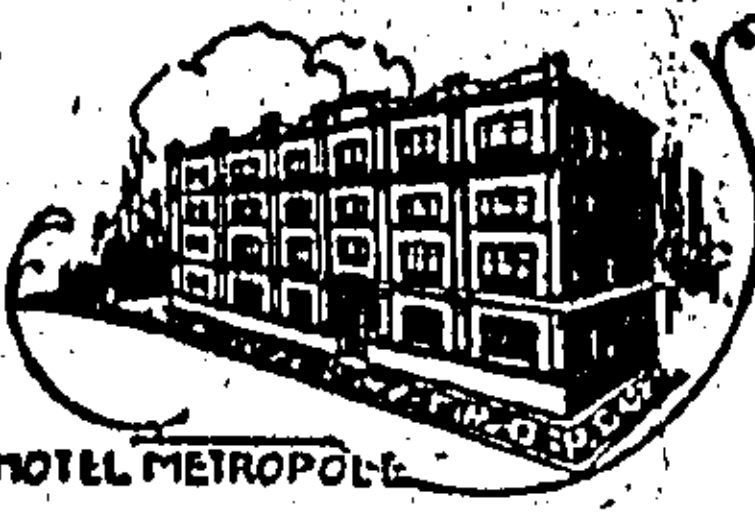
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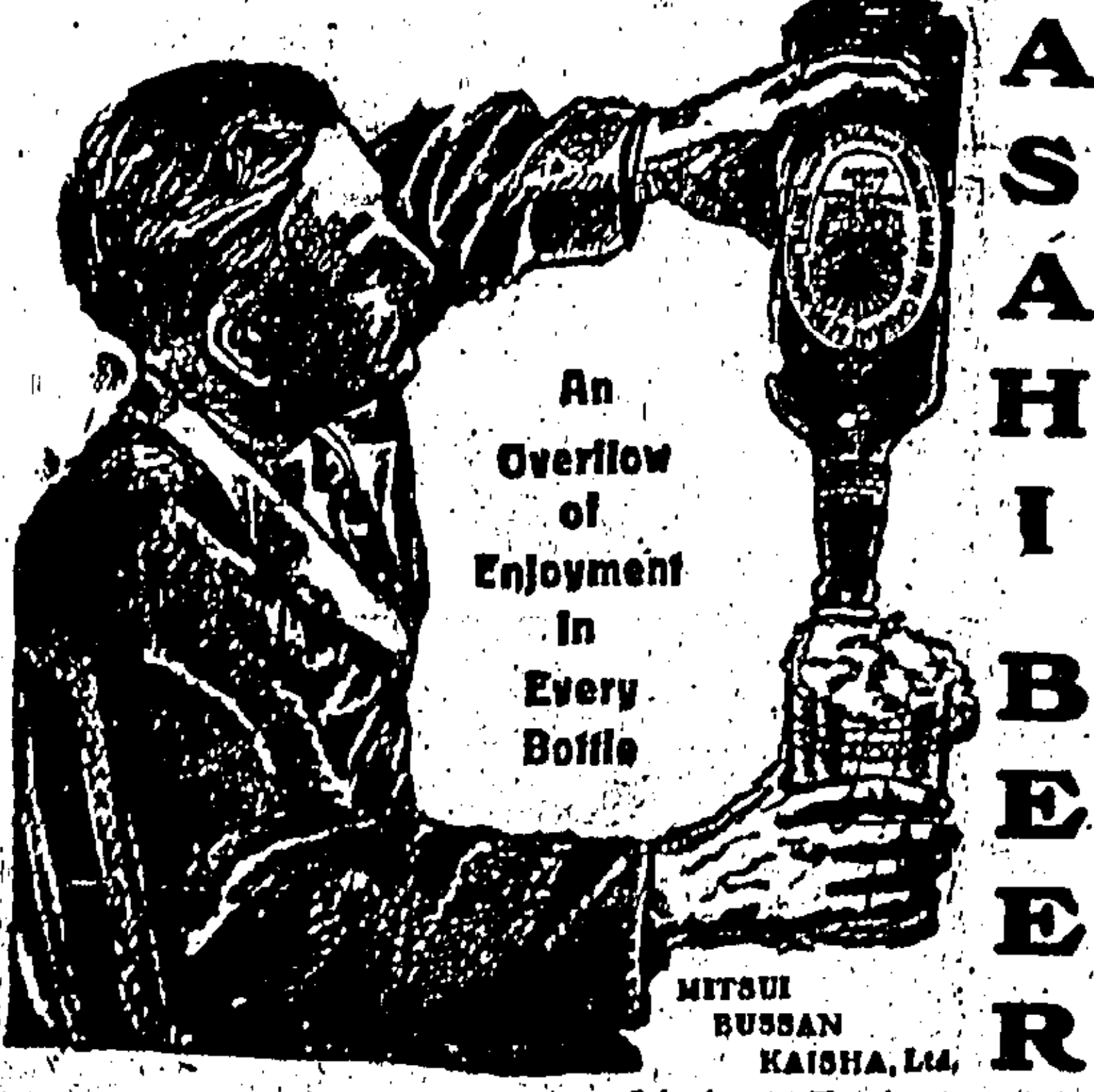
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FIRST YORKSHIRE DEFEAT.

BEATEN BY INNINGS AT TONBRIDGE.

TWO KENT PLAYERS COMPIL CENTURIES.

DERBYSHIRE SETBACK.

London, July 2. Having escaped defeat since the end of June in 1927, Yorkshire have now been completely routed by Kent, the match coming to an end at Tonbridge today with a victory for the home county by an innings and 76 runs. Not for four complete seasons as a minimum have Yorkshire been defeated by an innings.

Yorkshire are the last team to taste the bitterness of defeat this season, all other sides having lost at least twice, and it has to be borne in mind that they lacked the services of two famous players, Sutcliffe and Leyland, who were scoring centuries for England at Lord's.

Derbyshire failed to defeat Essex after declaring with four wickets down in their first innings. As the result of the cricket of the past three days, Gloucester go to the head of the table with Kent close behind, the leading positions being:

Club	W.	L.	D.	W.L.D.	Runs	Wickets
Gloucester	18	5	1	0	1,000	100
Kent	14	5	1	0	77	77
Nottingham	13	7	2	0	1	75
Lancashire	12	8	2	0	0	69
Middlesex	12	8	2	0	0	64
Derbyshire	11	9	2	0	0	63
Yorkshire	11	4	1	1	1	57

In the Derbyshire match with Essex, Storer hit a double century, the highest score of his first-class career.

HONOURS LIST.

The principal individual performances were:

Batting.	Runs
Storer (Derby)	209
Eastman L. C. (Essex)	161
R. E. S. Wyatt (Warwick)	157
Hardinge (Kent)	137
Woolley (Kent)	131
Bowden (Derby)	120
P. J. Brett (Oxford U.)	108
Whysall (Notts)	104
Russell (Essex)	102

Bowling.

Club	Wickets
Freeman (Kent)	6 for 53
Smith (Leicester)	6 for 58
E. M. Wellings (Oxford U.)	6 for 40
Mayer (Warwick)	6 for 43

ESSEX SAVE GAME.

Four Centuries at Derby.

Victory seemed well within the grasp of Derbyshire, at Derby, where they forced Essex to follow-on 164 runs in arrears, but Essex gave such a fine exhibition in their second innings that at the close of play they were over 200 runs ahead with two wickets in hand.

Derbyshire had to rest content with points for a lead on the first innings.

The match was one of tall scoring, Derbyshire compiling 418 for the loss of only four wickets in their first innings. This was made possible by a brilliant effort on the part of Storer, who made 209, his highest score. Bowden also reached three figures, contributing 120 to the total.

Faced with a formidable task, Essex gave a fair display but were dismissed on their first venture for 264. Following on, a brilliant partnership between L. C. Eastman and Russell pulled the game out of the fire, the former getting 161, while Russell netted 102 before his wicket was taken. The Essex team had made 356 for the loss of 8 wickets when stumps were drawn.

YORKSHIRE'S DEFEAT.

Outplayed in All Departments.

At Tonbridge, Yorkshire met with a crushing defeat, Kent winning by an innings and 76 runs. Yorkshire were outplayed in all departments. Their bowling was collared, while they put up a poor display in batting.

Kent batted first and met with such success that they were able to declare with nine wickets down and 471 runs on the board. The bulk of the scoring was done by Hardinge and Woolley, both of whom reached three figures. Hardinge was defeated after making 137, and Woolley's graceful exhibition produced 131 runs. Rhodes took 6 wickets for 117 runs.

Yorkshire collapsed on essaying a reply to this total, the whole side being sent back for 108 runs. Freeman did the damage taking 6 wickets for 53 runs.

A much better display was witnessed when Yorkshire followed-on, but they failed to avert the innings defeat, being dismissed for 237. Freeman again took 6

COTTON INDUSTRY PERIL.

WORKERS REJECT DEMAND FOR WAGE REDUCTION.

CONFERENCE FAILS.

London, July 2. No satisfactory result was achieved from a meeting between the Wages Council of the Master Cotton Spinners' Association allied with representatives of the Cotton Spinners and Manufacturers Association and the Operative Spinners Amalgamation and the Cardroom Amalgamation.

The meeting was arranged to discuss the employers' proposals to reduce the wages of the operatives by 12.82 per cent.

It was stated after the conference that the representatives

CHANCE FOR AMATEURS.

Local Bathing Pictures Wanted.

PRIZES DURING JULY.

Local amateur photographers will have a chance of turning their hobby to advantage during July, for the Telegraph has decided to offer prizes for the best pictures of local bathing scenes sent in during the present month.

The pictures should be of the bright and "snappy" type or of general news interest. Those accepted will be reproduced in our Pictorial Supplement.

A prize of \$10 will be awarded for what is adjudged the best photograph sent in during July, whilst \$2 will be paid for every other picture accepted for publication.

of the workers had unanimously rejected the Employers' demand. Negotiations by the Manufacturers' Association with the Northern Textile Trade Federation will begin on Monday.

Well over half a million workers in the Lancashire cotton mills are affected by the employers' proposal to make the reduction of 12.82 per cent. in wages.

The workers are likely to offer united opposition to the reduction. —Reuter.

wickets, but on this occasion they cost 118 runs.

WARWICK'S VICTORY.

Glamorgan Severely Defeated.

Warwickshire defeated Glamorgan by an innings and 247 runs at Birmingham, one of the biggest victories of the season. Glamorgan did not shape well at any time.

Warwick knocked up 536 runs for 7 wickets (declared) R. E. S. Wyatt scoring 150, to which Glamorgan replied with 160 (Mayer 5 for 43) and 123.

LEICESTER RESIST.

Notts Get First Innings Points.

Notts gained major points for a lead on the first innings at Leicester. After being 114 behind on the first innings, the home county put up a great struggle, and at the close of play they had a bare chance of winning.

Notts made 334 in their first knock, Whysall contributing 104, while Smith took 5 wickets for 94 runs.

Leicester totalled 220, Barratt taking 5 for 53.

Going in a second time, Notts found themselves in difficulties with the bowling of Smith, who took 6 wickets for 58 runs. The innings closed at 198, Leicester being left with the task of scoring 313 to win. They had made 168 for 5 wickets when stumps were drawn.

OXFORD'S VICTORY.

Excellent Performance At Eastbourne.

Oxford's holiday match against Mr. H. G. D. Leveson-Gower's XI at Eastbourne, resulted in a capital victory by five wickets.

Mr. Leveson-Gower's team made 314 for 9 wickets declared in their first innings, to which Oxford University replied with 209. Batting again, their opponents were skittled out for 147. E. M. Wellings securing five wickets at a cost of 40 runs.

The Dark Blues were left to score 253 runs to win, and they made 256 for the loss of only five wickets, thanks to P. J. Brett who hit 106 in good style.—Reuter.

FRANCE'S BAD DAY AT WIMBLEDON.

BOTH DOUBLES PAIRS ELIMINATED.

MAGNIFICENT WIN FOR DR. GREGORY AND COLLINS.

BRITISH UPS & DOWNS.

London, July 2. Tennis at Wimbledon to-day, in dull weather, was devoted to doubles matches, and to-morrow should see practically all the events at this world-famous tournament brought to the semi-final stage, some of them perhaps further.

Fortune was fickle as far as the British competitors were concerned. "Bunny" Austin and Miss Betty Nuthall were eliminated from the mixed doubles by a South African pair, creating a mild surprise, but pride was restored when Mrs. McIlquham and Miss Harvey defeated Miss Helen Wills and Miss Edith Cross, the strongest American pair in the women's doubles. This match produced a terrific struggle. The British ladies won the first set at 6-4, and then hotly contested the second which went to eighteen games before the Americans squared up. Mrs. McIlquham and her partner lasted better than their opponents and they took the final set without great difficulty.

British Conquer French.

By far the finest British success to-day, however, was that of Dr. J. C. Gregory and I. G. Collins, who qualified for the semi-final of the men's doubles by defeating the French cracks, Jean Borotra and C. Boususs. The Frenchmen went off at a rare pace and led by two sets to love. Gregory and Collins at this stage took the initiative and in a superb display, walked through the Frenchmen's defence, winning three sets in a row and conceding only five games. Two American pairs, W. Allison and J. Van Ryn and W. T. Tilden and F. T. Hunter also qualified for the semi-final. They will be in opposition. The opponents of Gregory and Collins are not yet known. Lott and Hennessey (America) have to contest the right with one of two other pairs.

Allison and Van Ryn reached the semi-final as the result of an unexpected success against H. Cochet and J. Brugnon. They won by three sets to one, each of the winning sets being a long set.

Partnered by Hunter, Miss Wills qualified for the last eight of the Mixed Doubles, defeating Crole-Rees and Mrs. Watson without the loss of a set. Miss Ryan and Miss Betty Nuthall enter the semi-final of the Ladies' Doubles as the result of a victory over Miss Sterry and Miss Joan Fry. Britain has, therefore, done sufficiently well to be interested in all semi-finals with the exception of the mixed doubles which has not yet reached that stage. The principal results to-day were:

MEN'S DOUBLES.

Fourth Round.

G. Lott and J. H. Hennessey (U.S.A.) beat H. Lycett and J. D. P. Wheatley (Britain), 6-2, 6-3, 6-1.

Fifth Round.

W. Allison and J. Van Ryn (U.S.A.) beat H. Cochet and J. Brugnon (France), 7-5, 8-6, 3-6, 8-6.

W. T. Tilden and F. T. Hunter (U.S.A.) beat Baron von Kehring (Hungary) and H. Kleinachroth (Germany), 6-0, 8-6, 6-0.

Dr. J. C. Gregory and I. G. Collins (Britain) beat Jean Borotra and C. Boususs (France), 6-7, 4-6, 6-3, 6-2, 6-2.

MIXED DOUBLES.

Third Round.

W. Allison and Miss Helen Jacobs (U.S.A.) beat A. Davis and Miss Round (Britain), 9-7, 6-4.

E. Farquharson and Miss Helmo (South Africa) beat H. W. Austin and Miss Nuthall (Britain) 6-3, 6-1.

Fourth Round.

F. T. Hunter and Miss Wills (U.S.A.) beat G. R. O. Crole-Rees and Mrs. Watson (Britain) 6-1, 6-4.

LADIES' DOUBLES.

Fourth Round.

Mrs. McIlquham and Miss Harvey (Britain) beat Miss Helen Wills and Miss Cross (U.S.A.), 6-4, 8-10, 6-3.

Fifth Round.

Miss Ryan and Miss Nuthall (Britain) beat Miss Sterry and Miss Joan Fry (Britain), 6-2, 6-1. —Reuter.

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